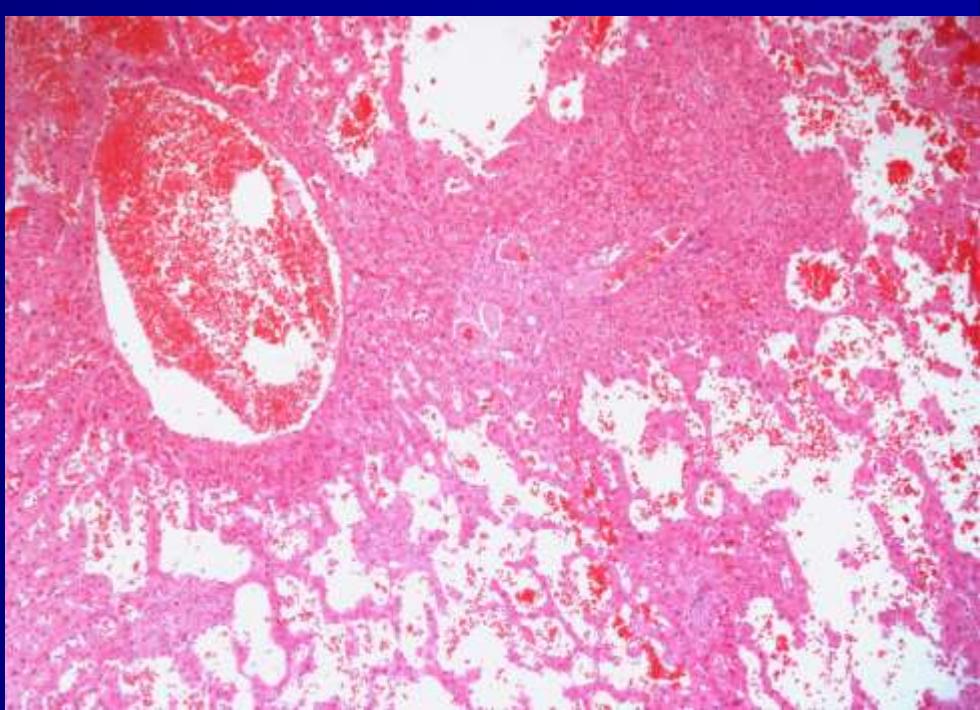
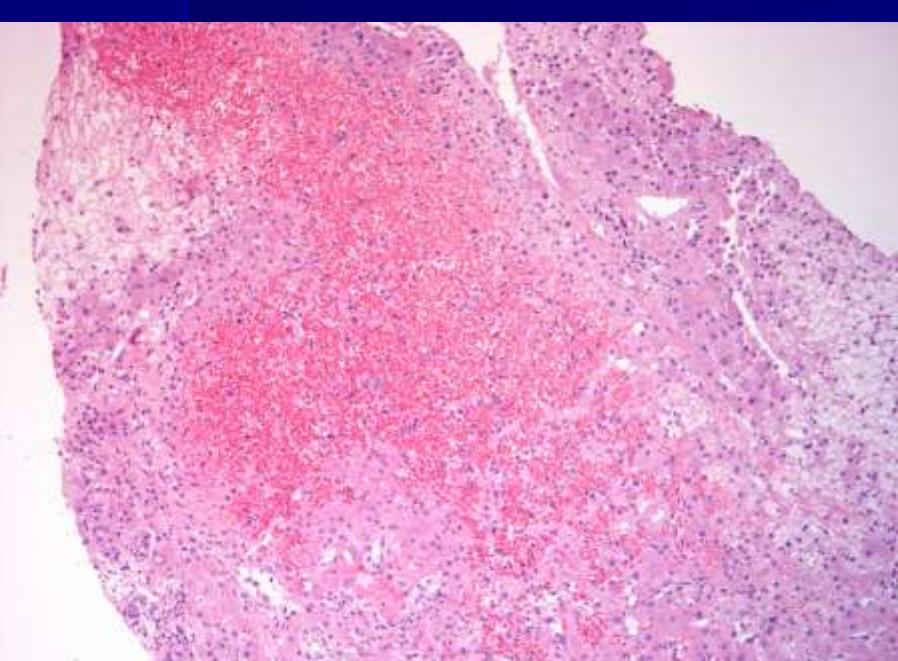
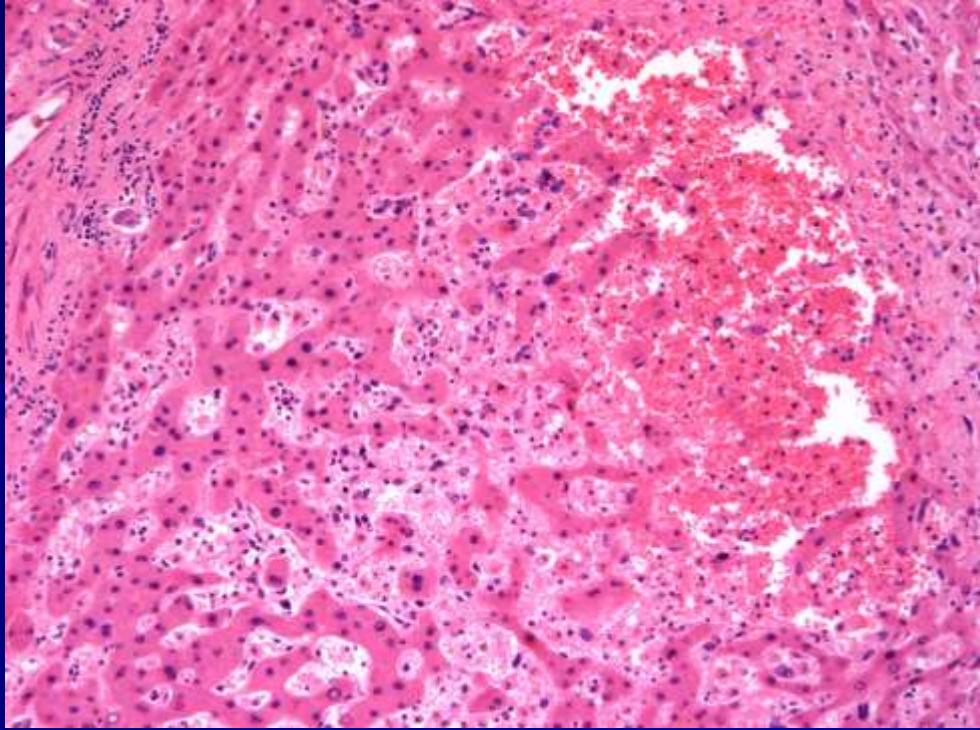
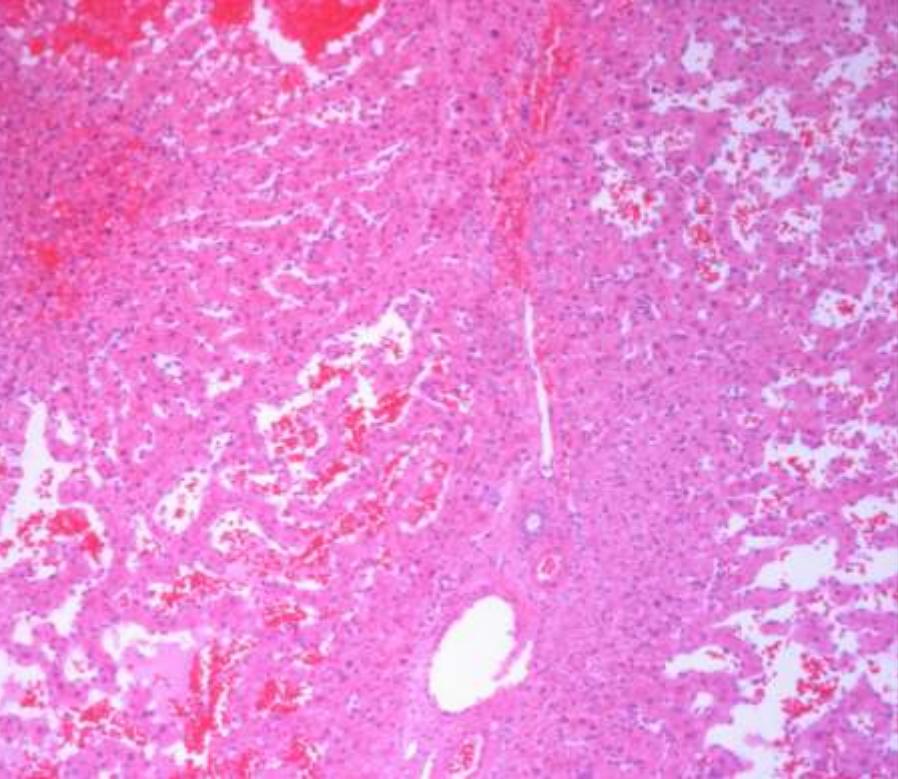
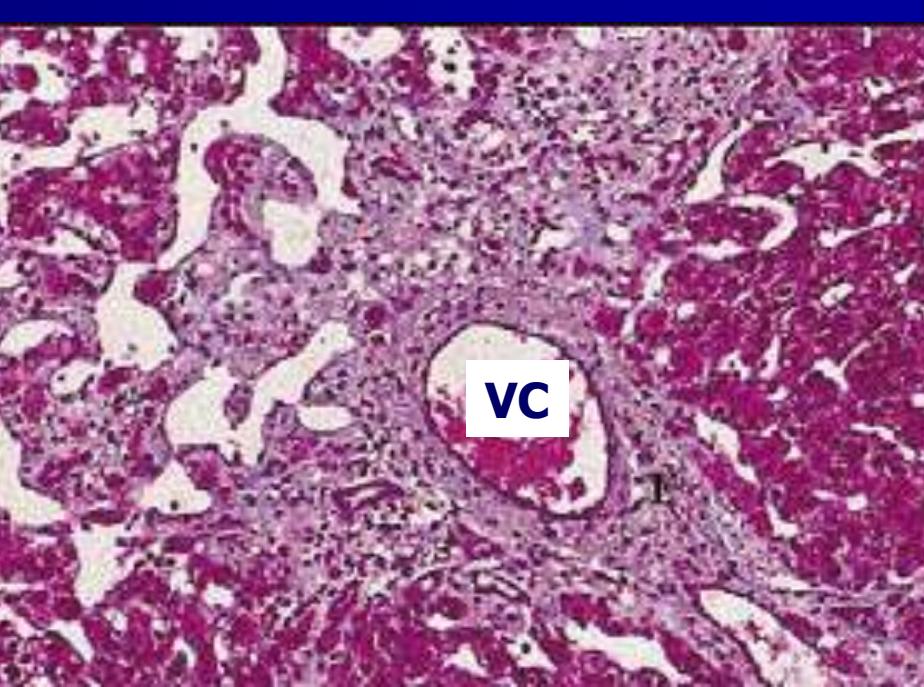
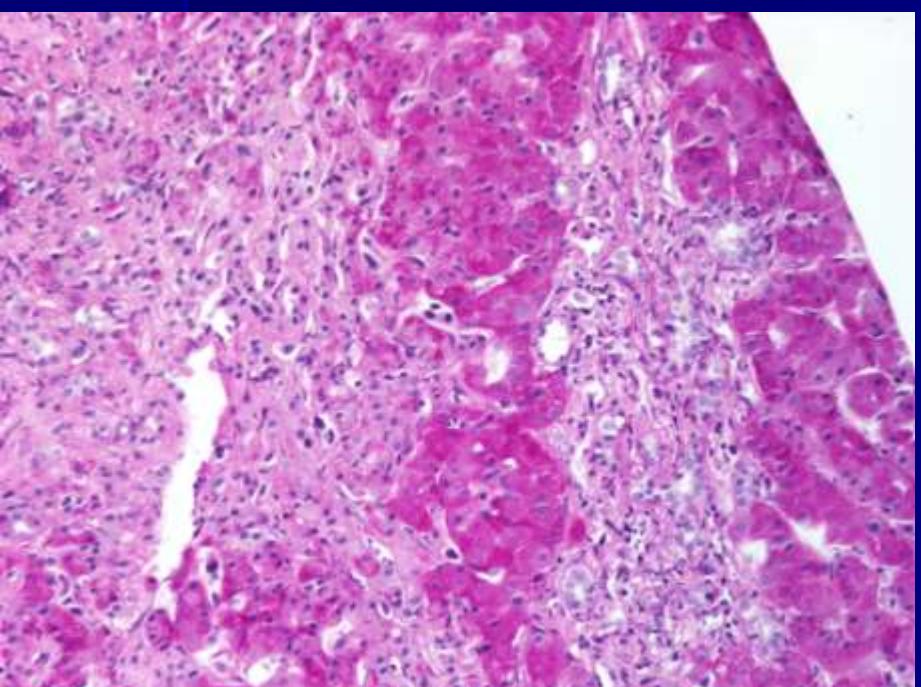
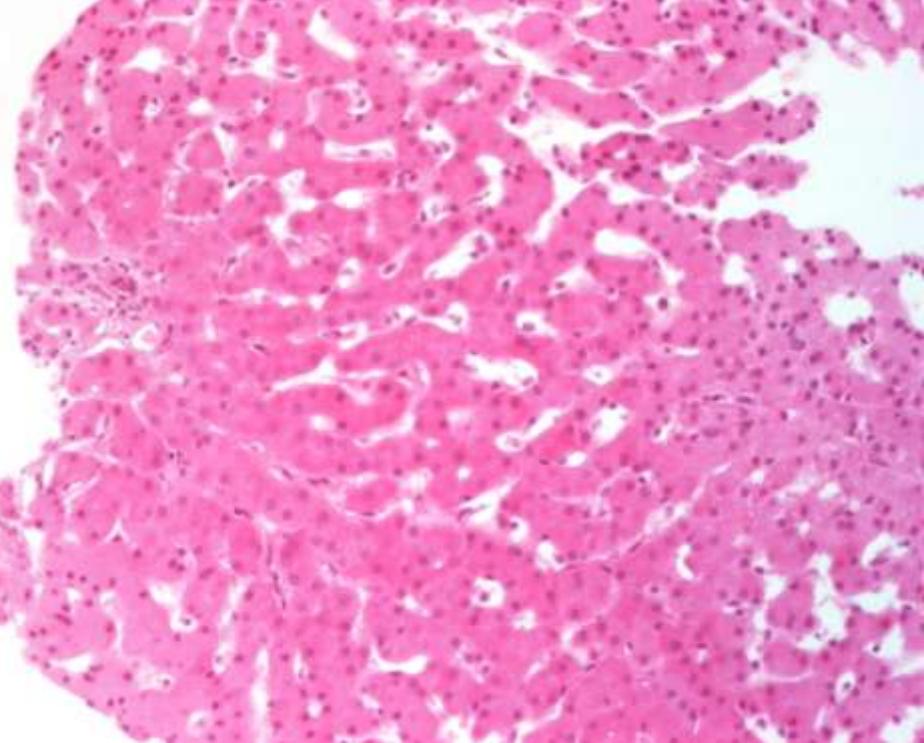
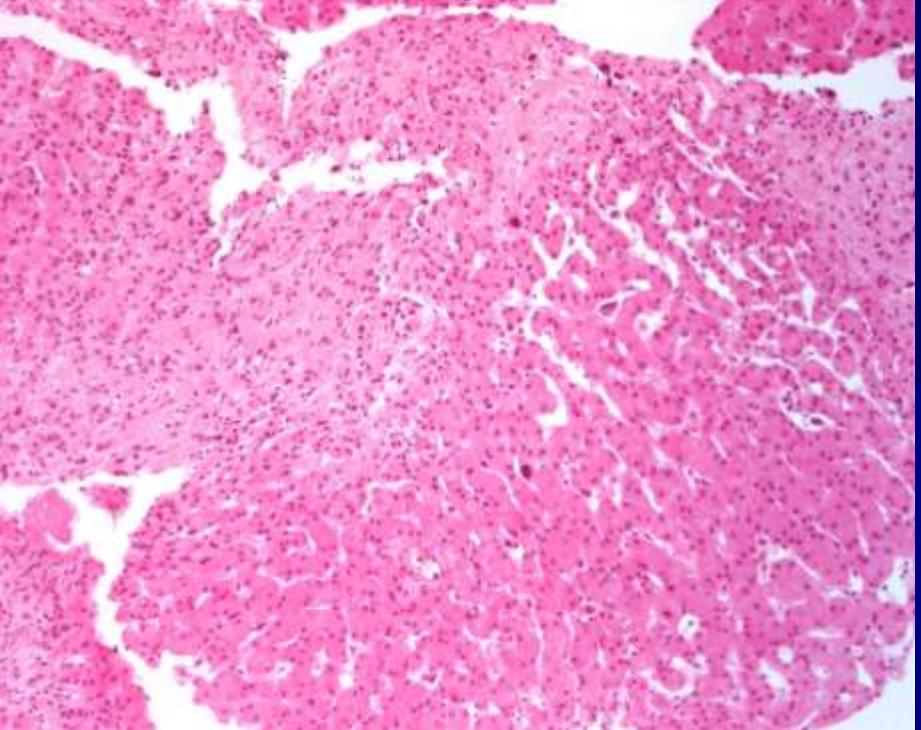


Resumen clínico

- Hombre de 19 años
- Presentó 3 años antes aumento de volumen abdominal con red venosa colateral.
- Hepatomegalia, ascitis y várices esofágicas
- PFH ligeramente alteradas
- RM y cateterismo transyugular: síndrome de Budd-Chiari.
- Se tomó biopsia hepática transyugular





Diagnóstico

■ Biopsia hepática transjugular:

Alteraciones histológicas compatibles
con síndrome de Budd-Chiari

Budd-Chiari

Inferior vena cava

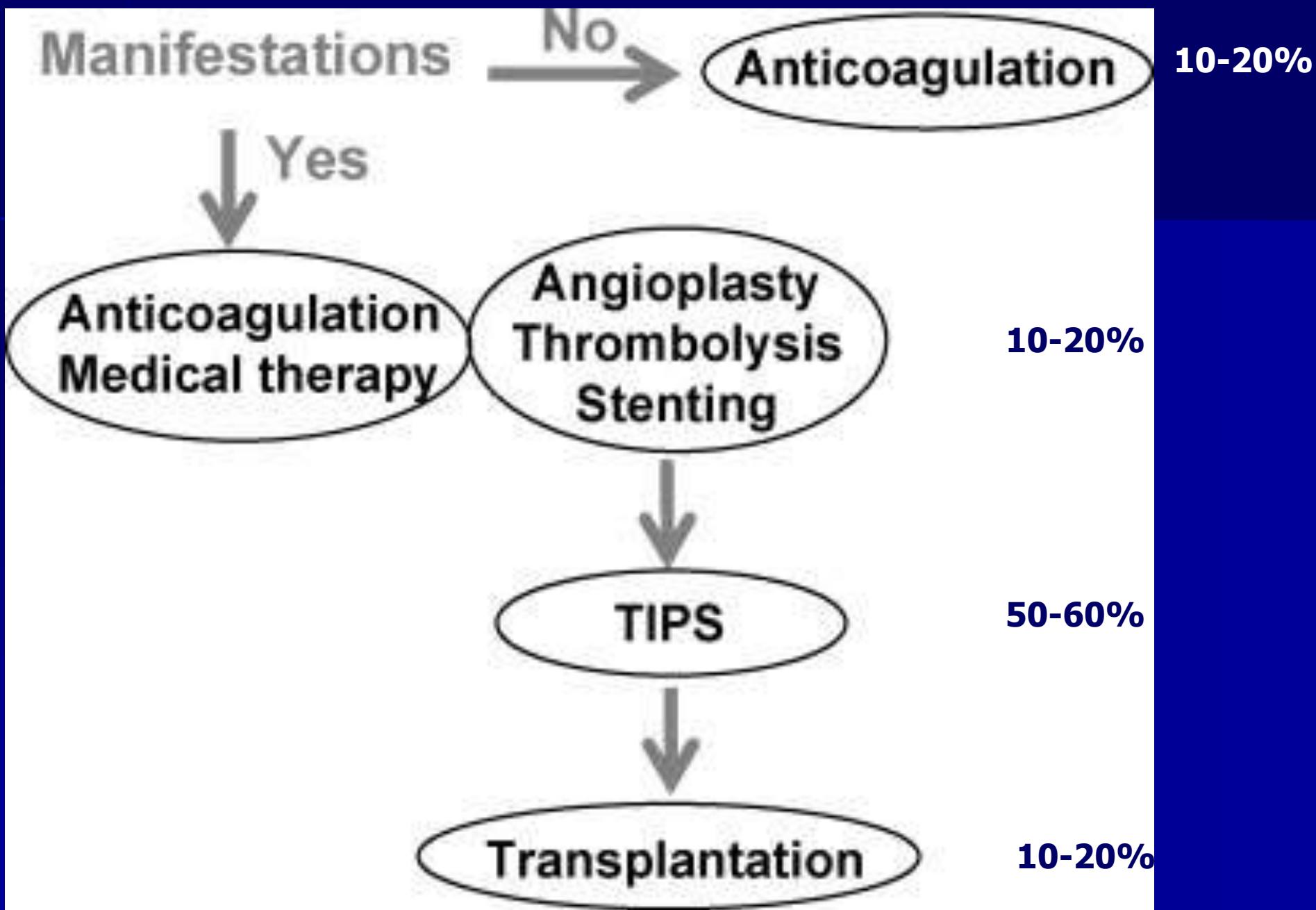
Large hepatic veins

Portal vein

Hepatic artery

Small hepatic veins

Enfermedad
veno-occlusiva

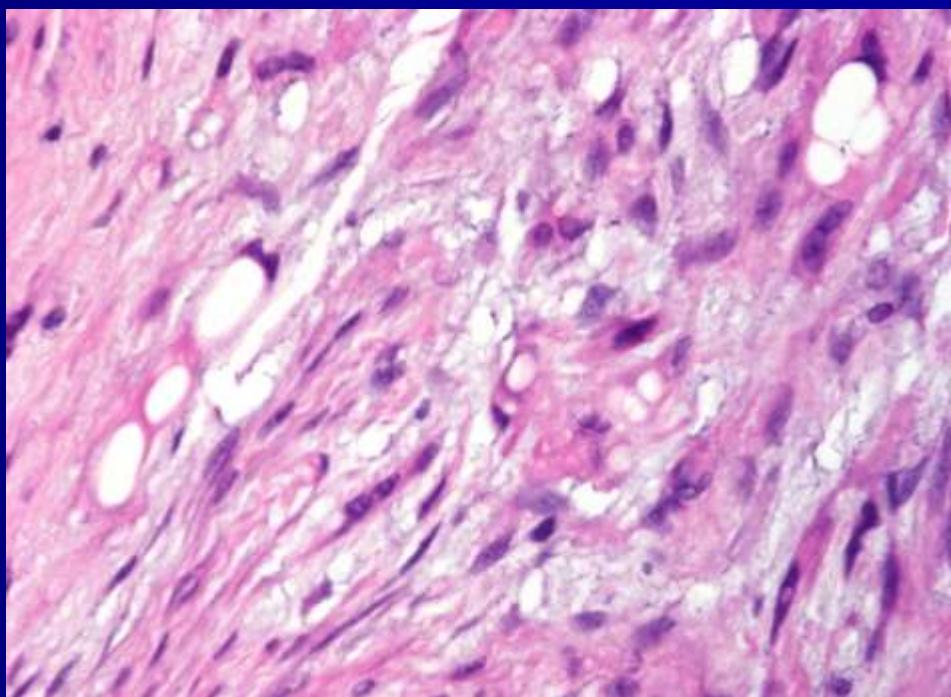
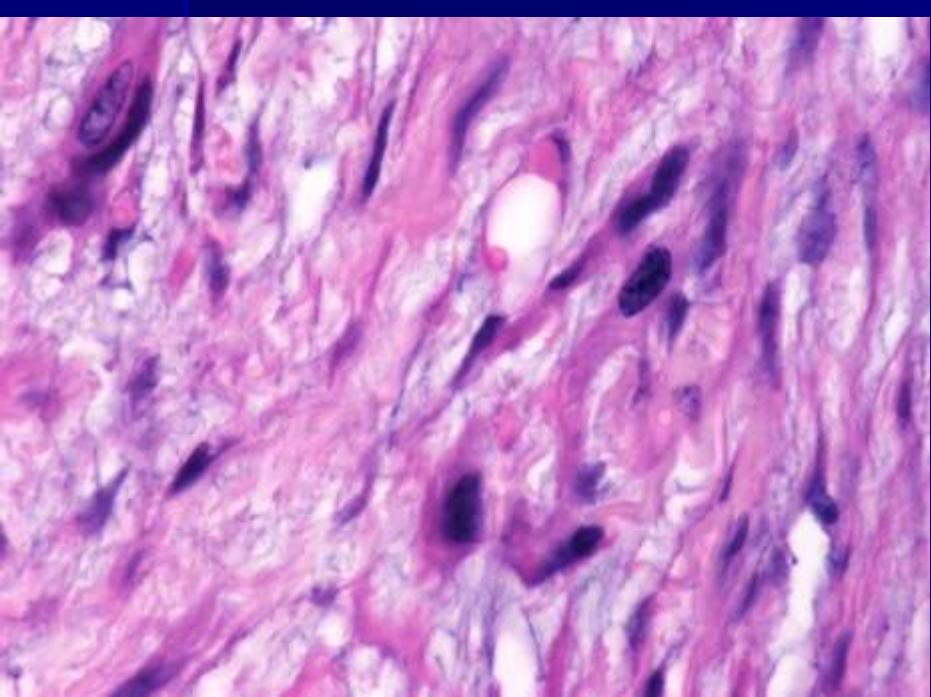
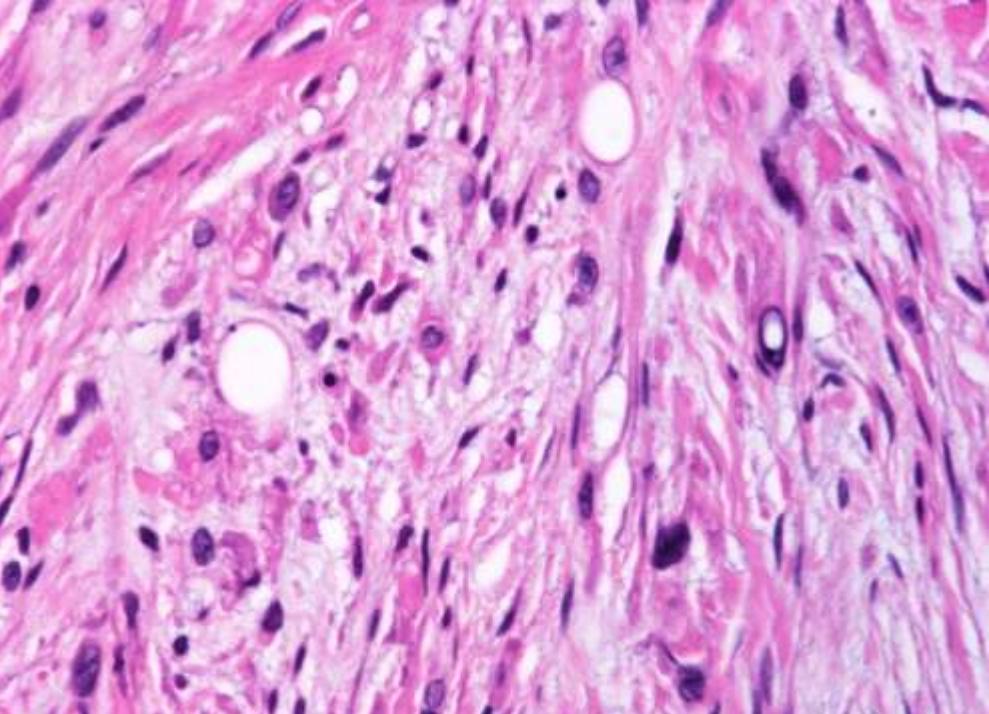
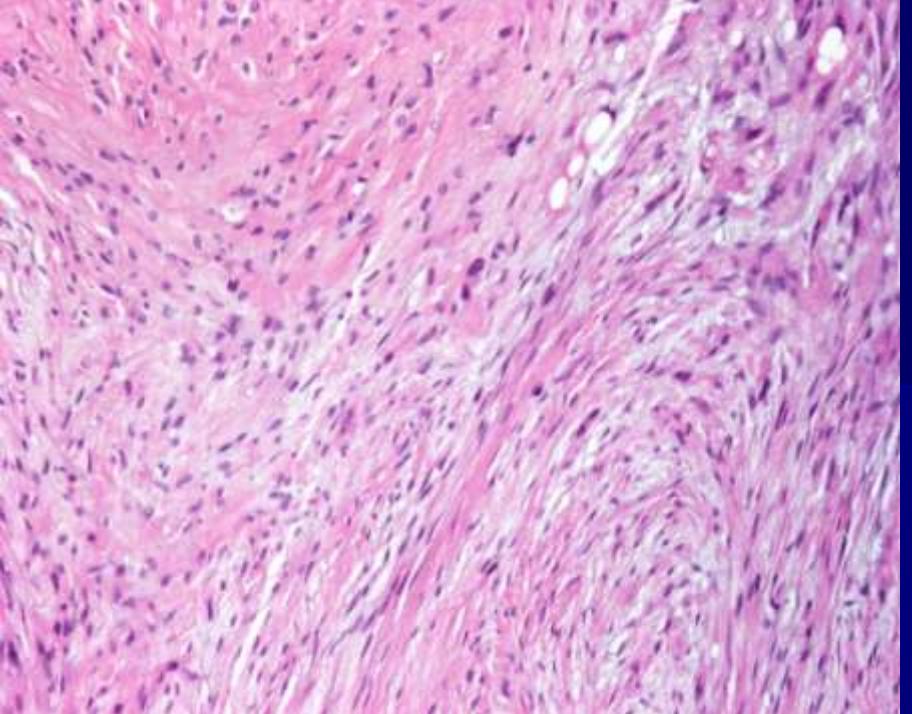


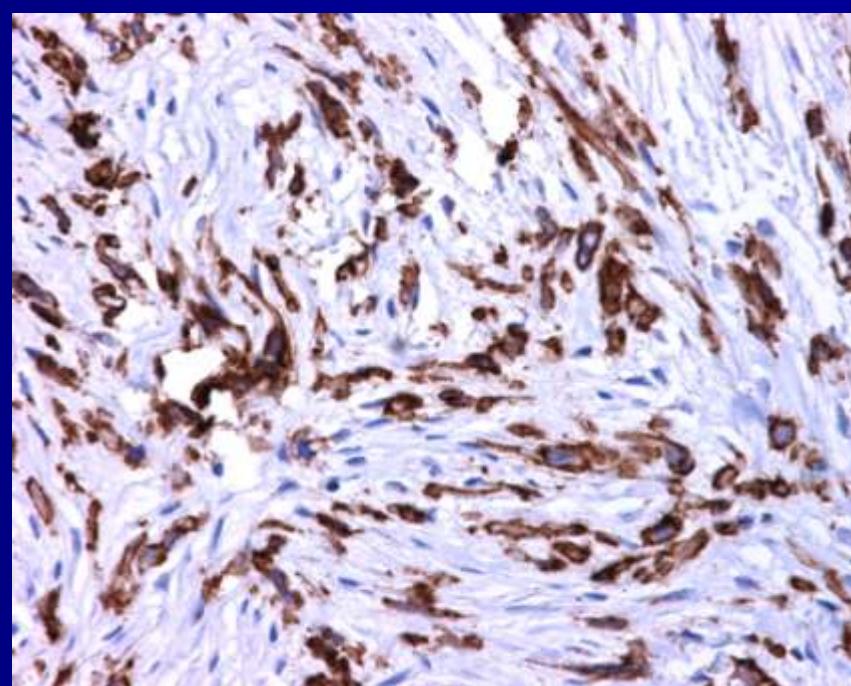
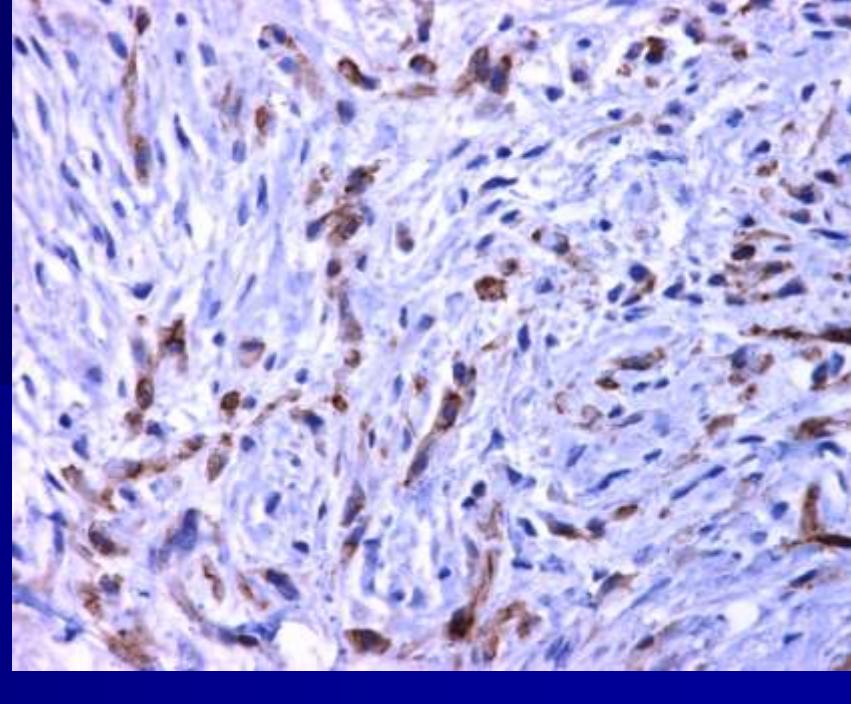
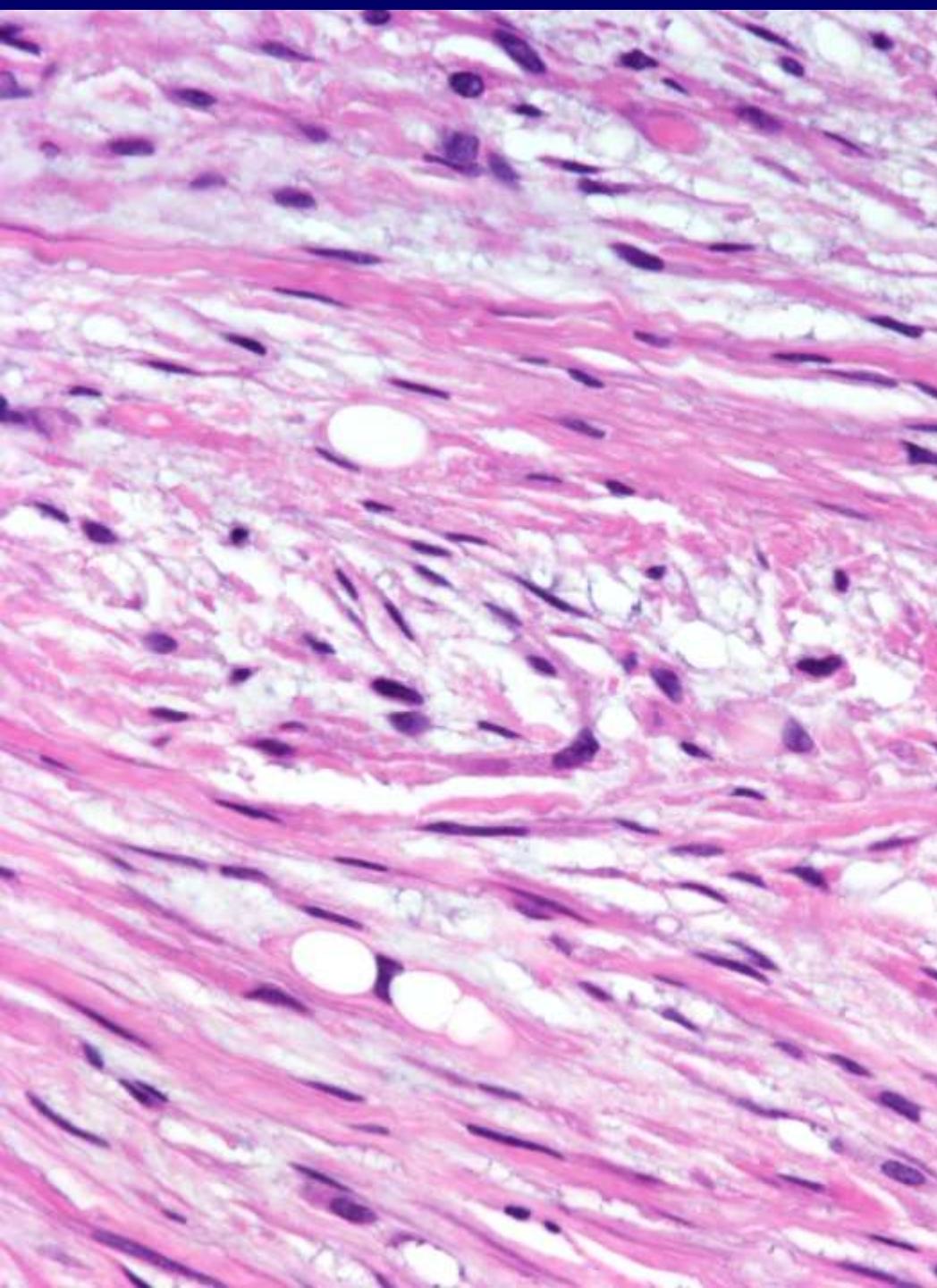
Evolución

- Se colocaron TIPS (transjugular intrahepatic portosystemic shunt)
- Disminución de flujo transTIPS
- Angioplastía infructuosa
- Desarrolló encefalopatía hepática
- Se incorporó al programa de trasplante hepático

Evolución

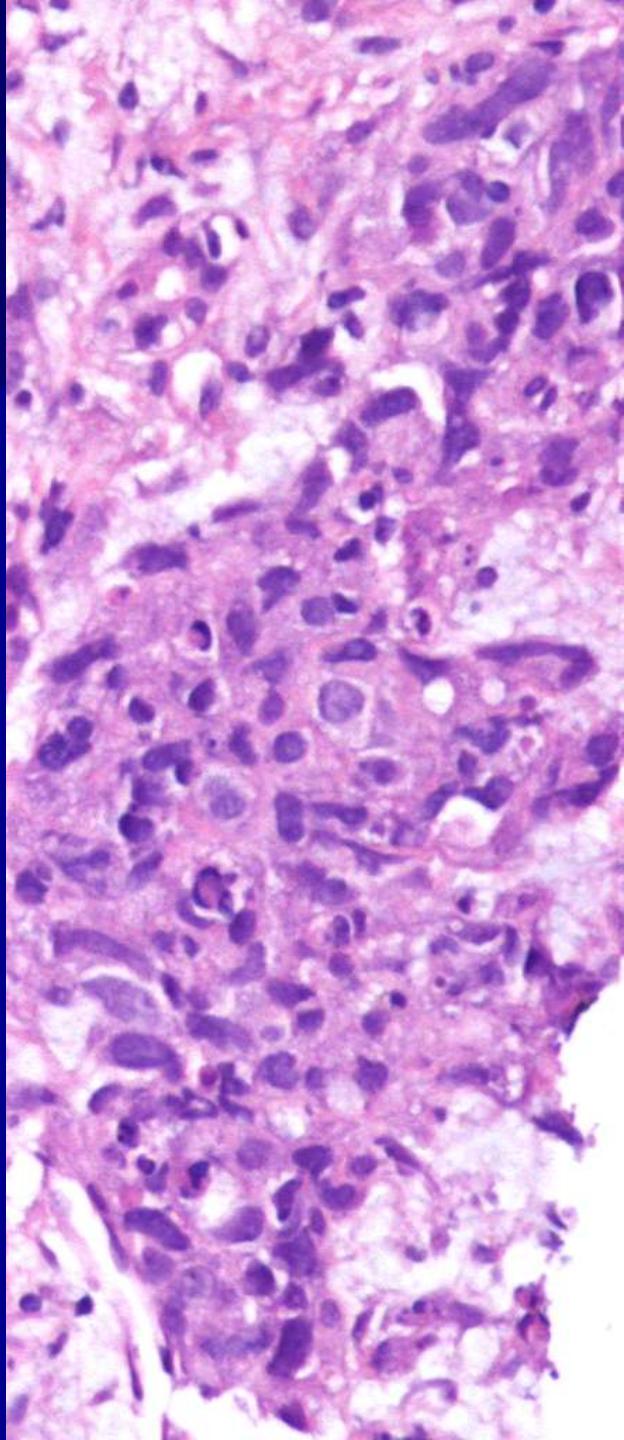
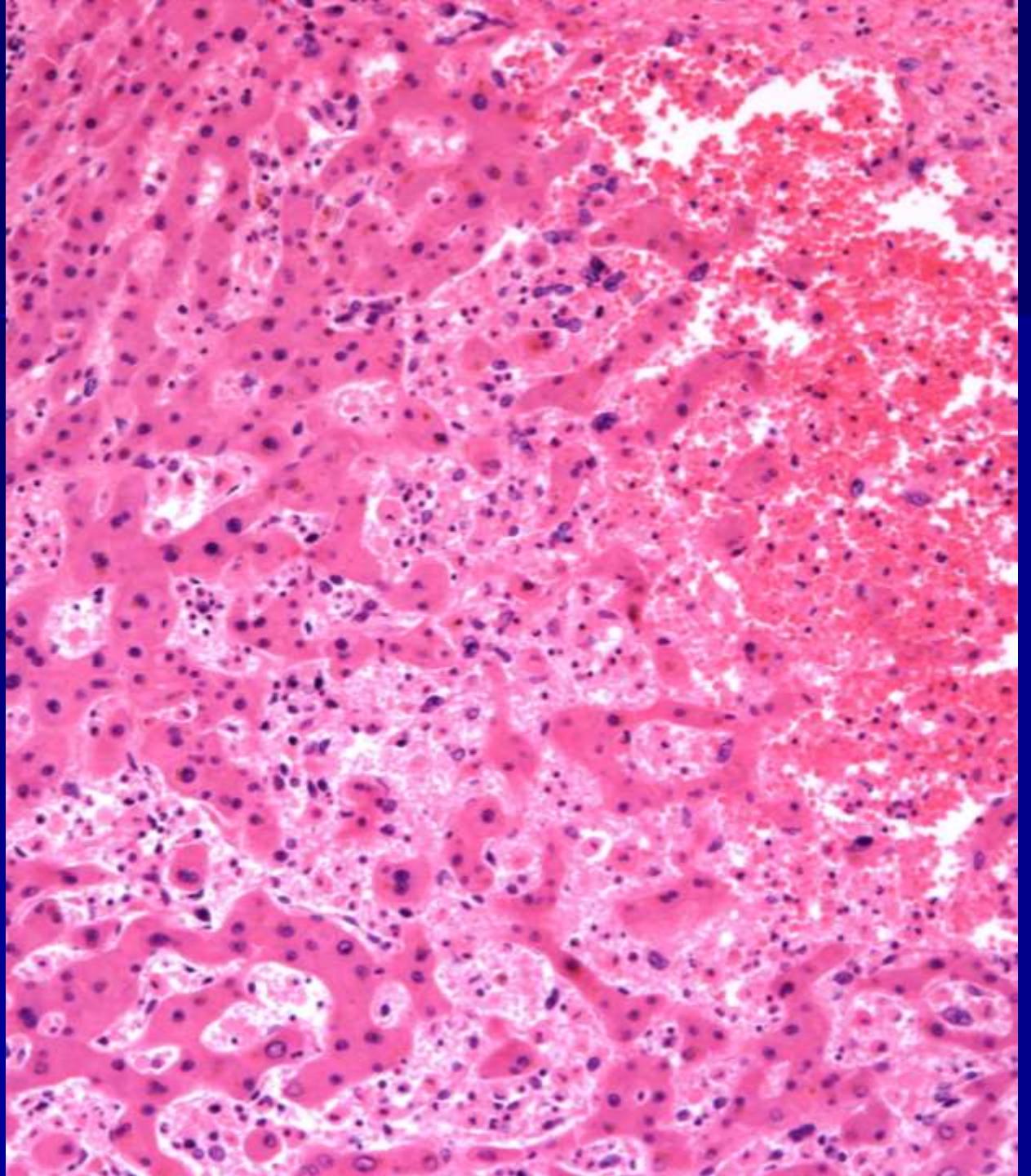
- Durante el intento de trasplante ortotópico se detectaron nódulos peritoneales y en la cápsula hepática por lo que se suspendió el procedimiento
- Desarrolló tromboembolias pulmonares, sepsis y falleció.





Diagnóstico

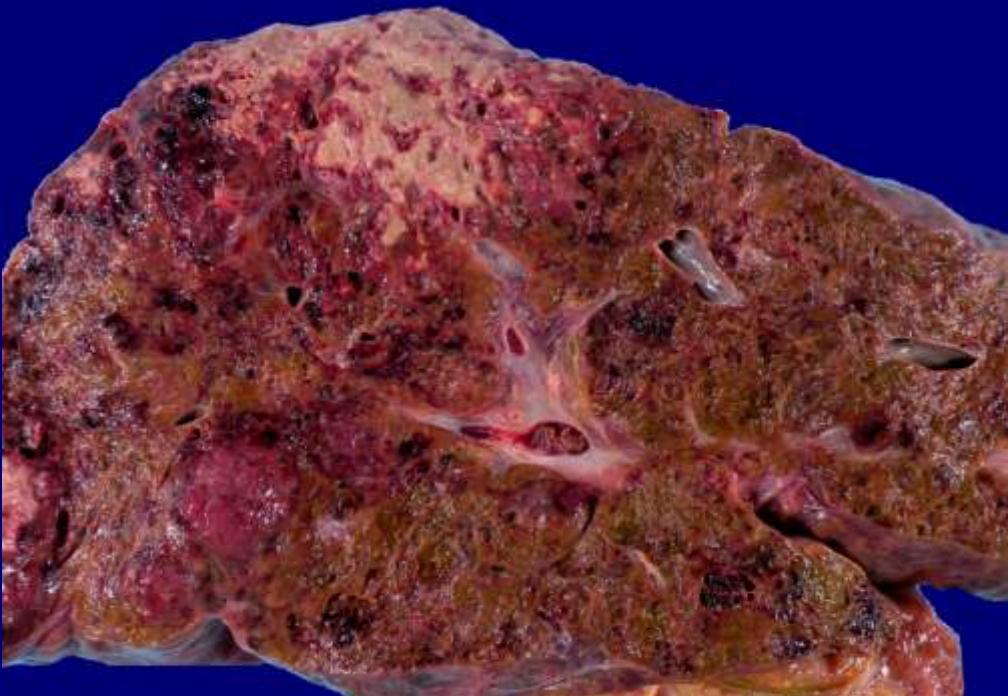
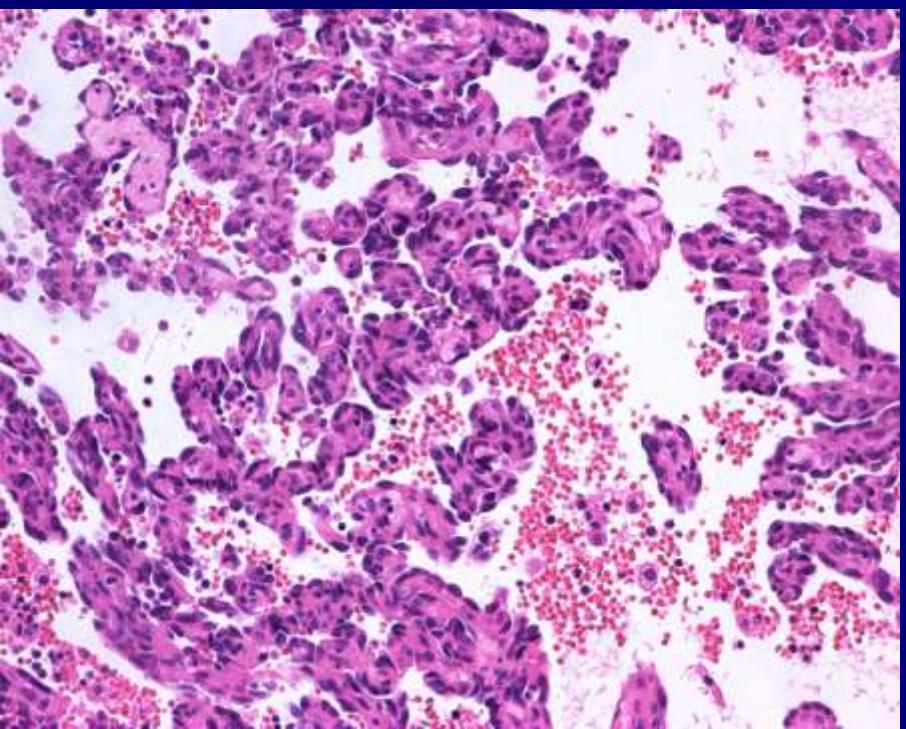
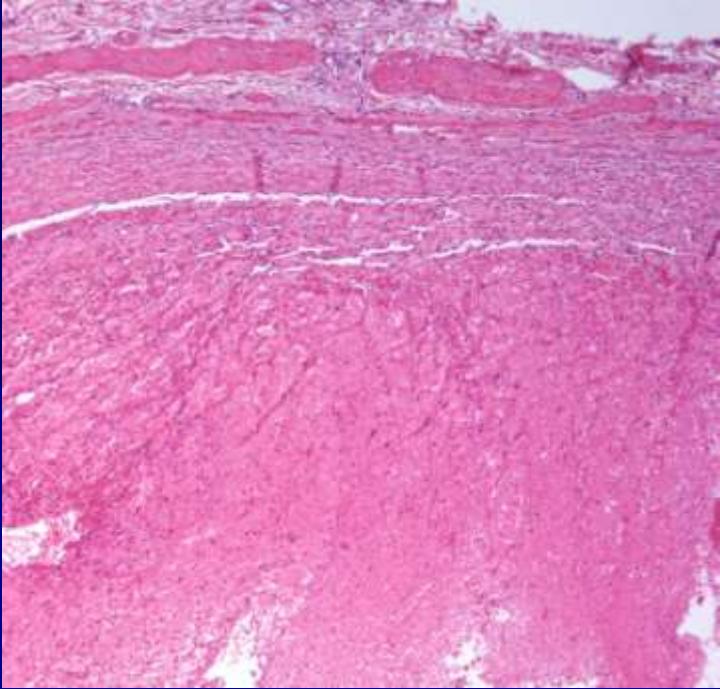
- Hemangioendotelioma epitelioide hepático con metástasis en peritoneo
- Síndrome de Budd-Chiari secundario



Budd-Chiari

Primario Secundario

- Carcinoma hepatocelular, renal, adrenal, hemangiosarcoma, **hemangioendotelioma epitelioide**, sarcomas de vena cava inferior, mixoma de AD
- Otros (hidatidosis, HNF, traumas, etc.)



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**Epithelioid hemangioendothelioma
of the liver: a clinicopathologic study of
137 cases.**

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Epithelioid hemangioendothelioma with marked liver deformity and secondary Budd-Chiari syndrome. Pathological and radiological correlation.

Pathol Int 1999;49:547-52.

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the liver: report of two cases
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disease.

Pathology 1986; 18:459-62