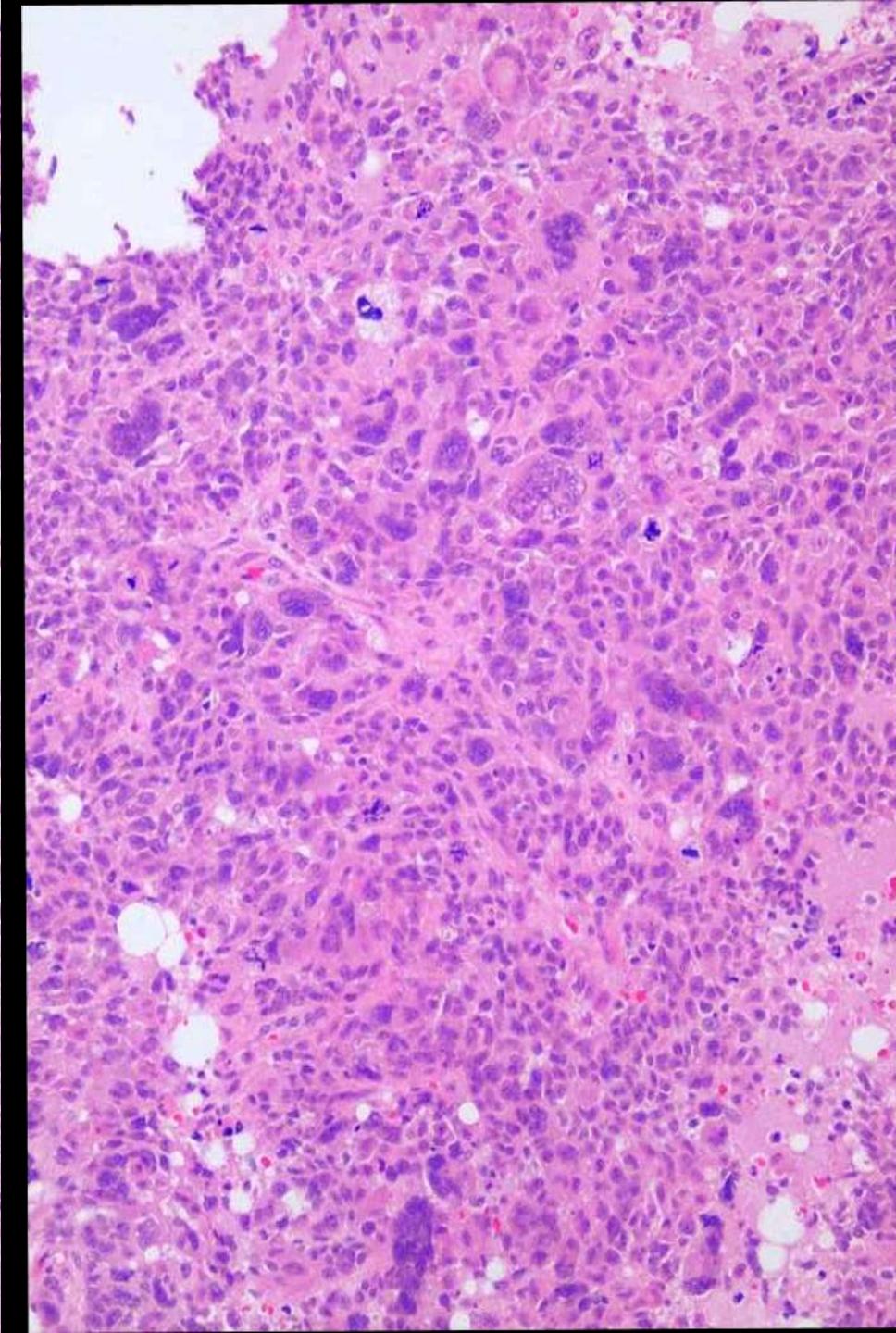
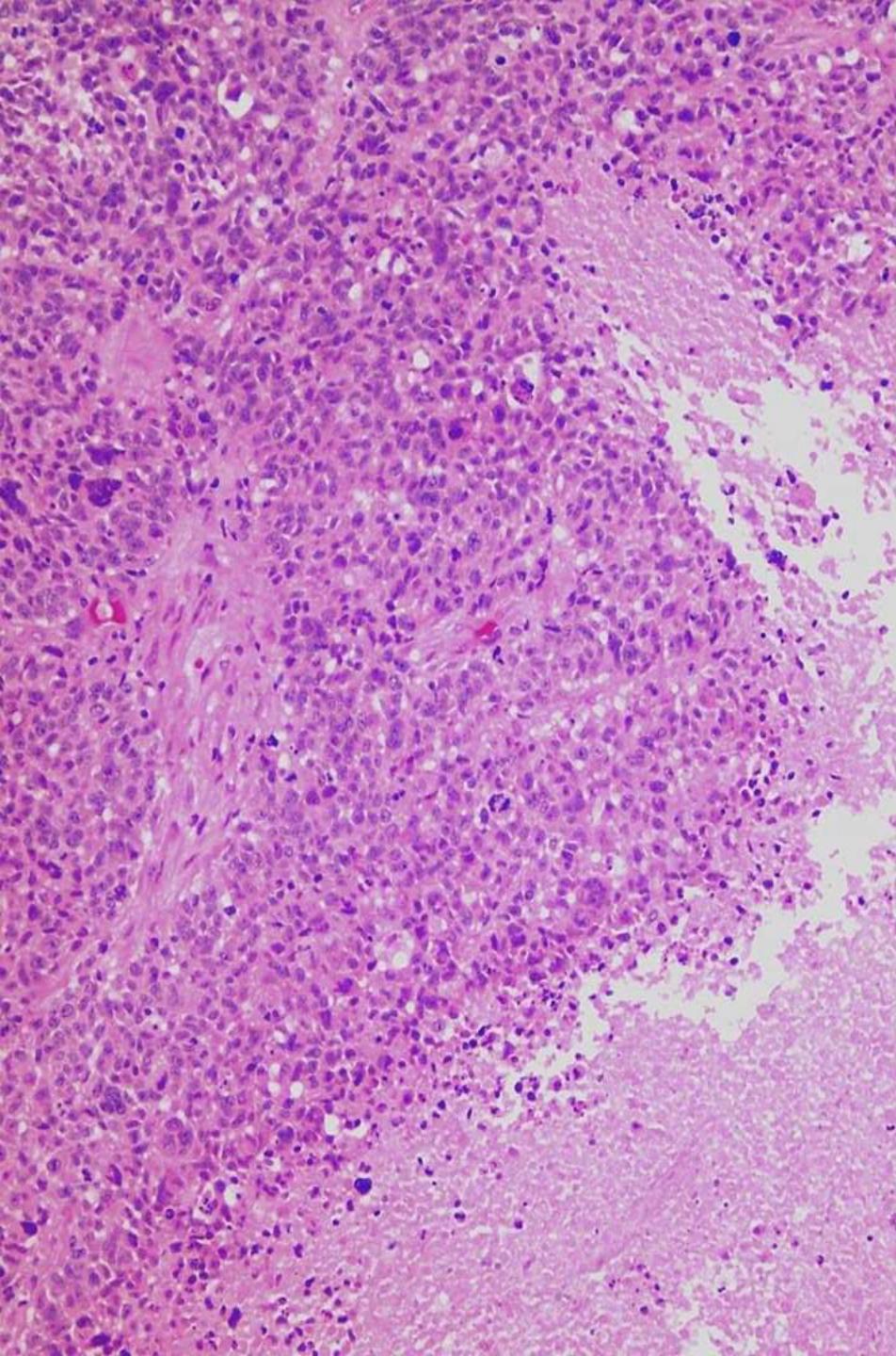
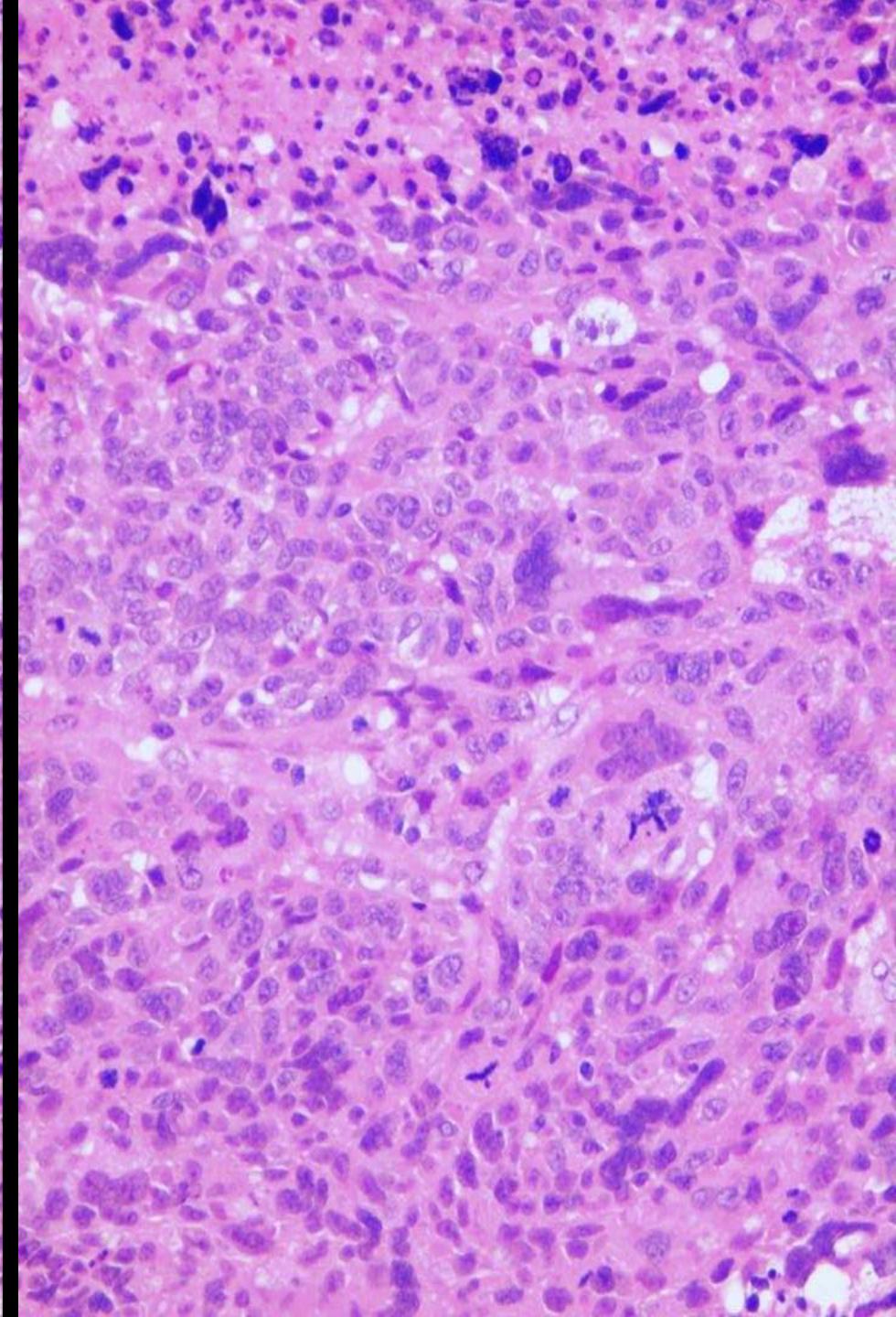
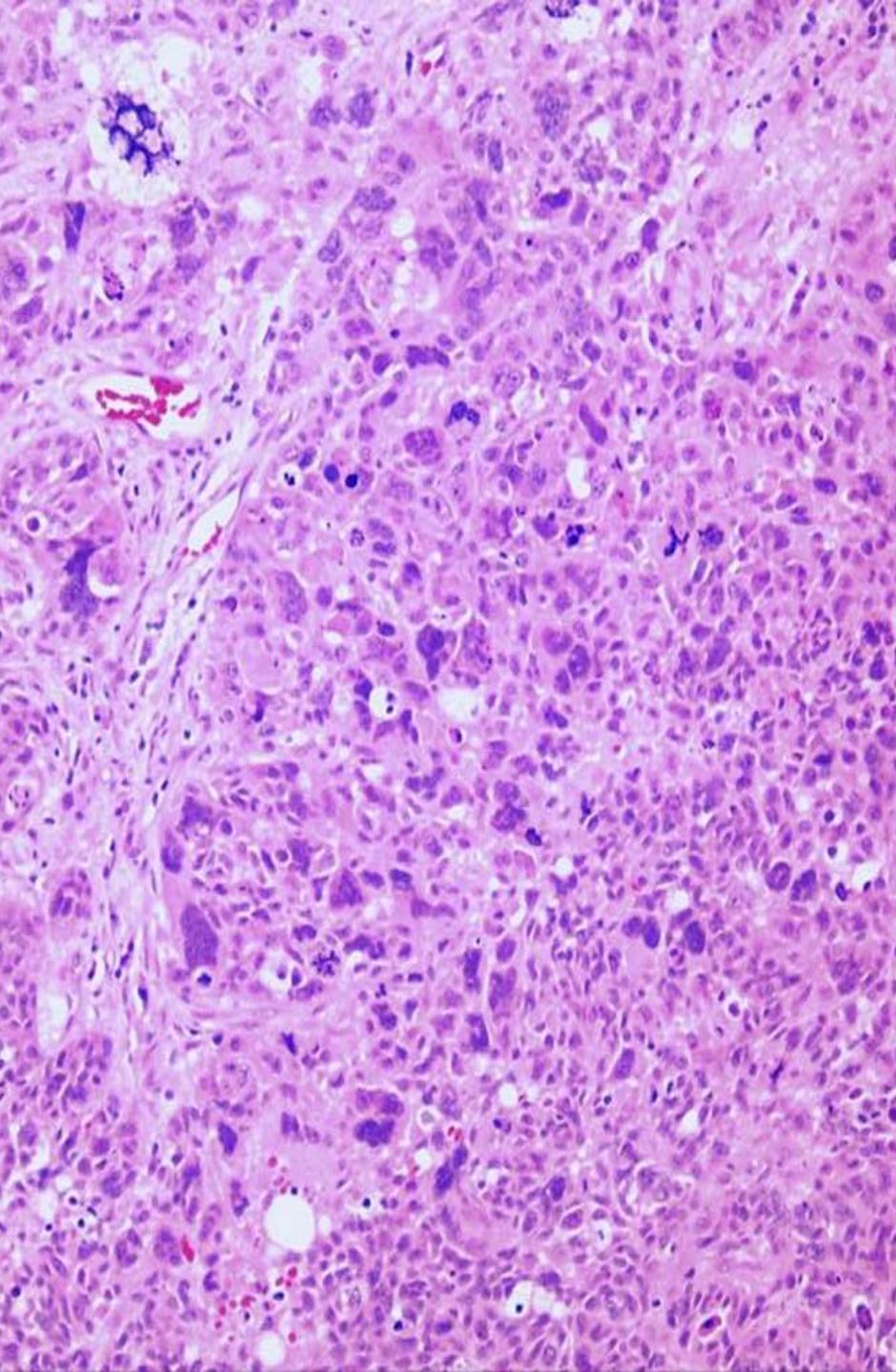
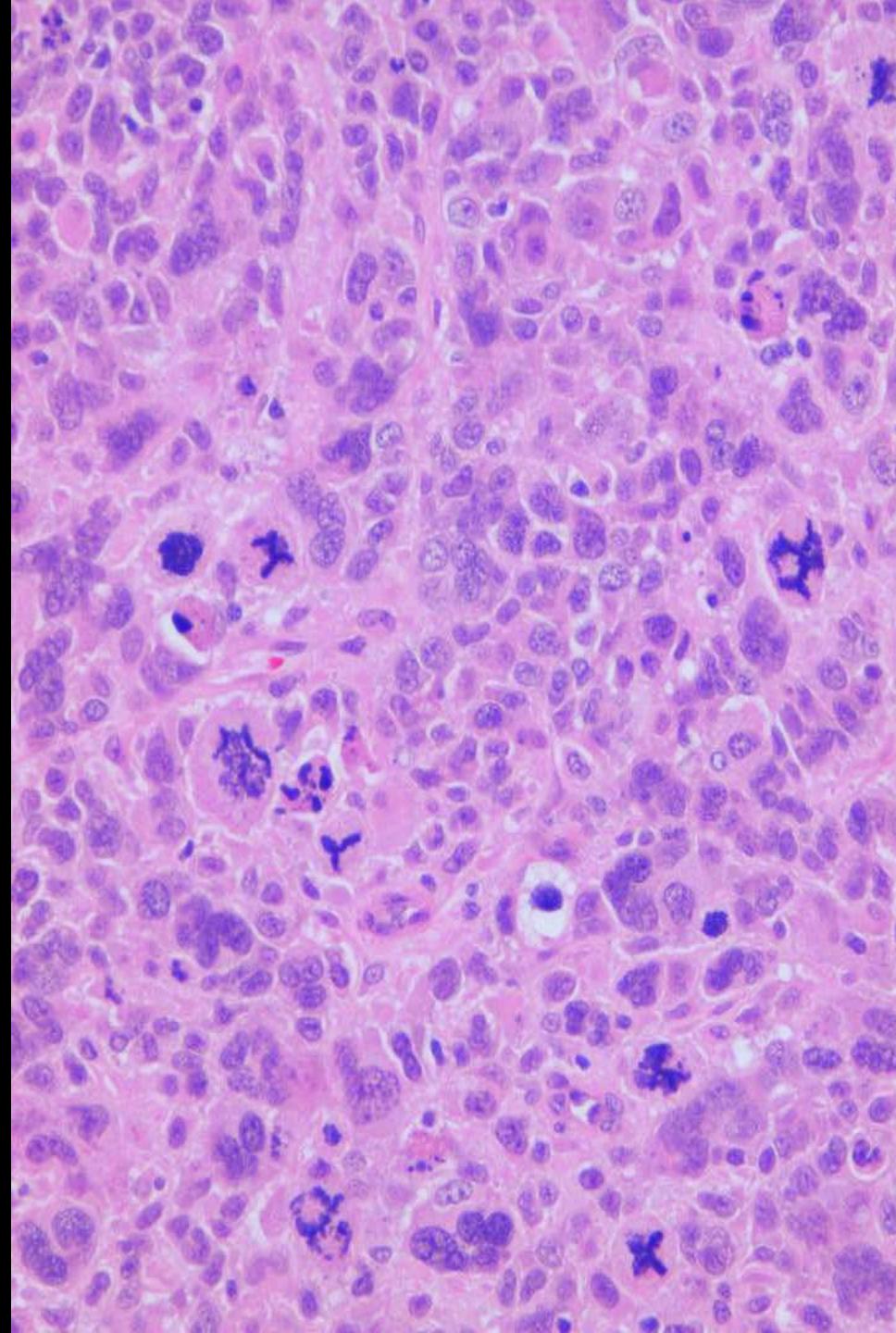
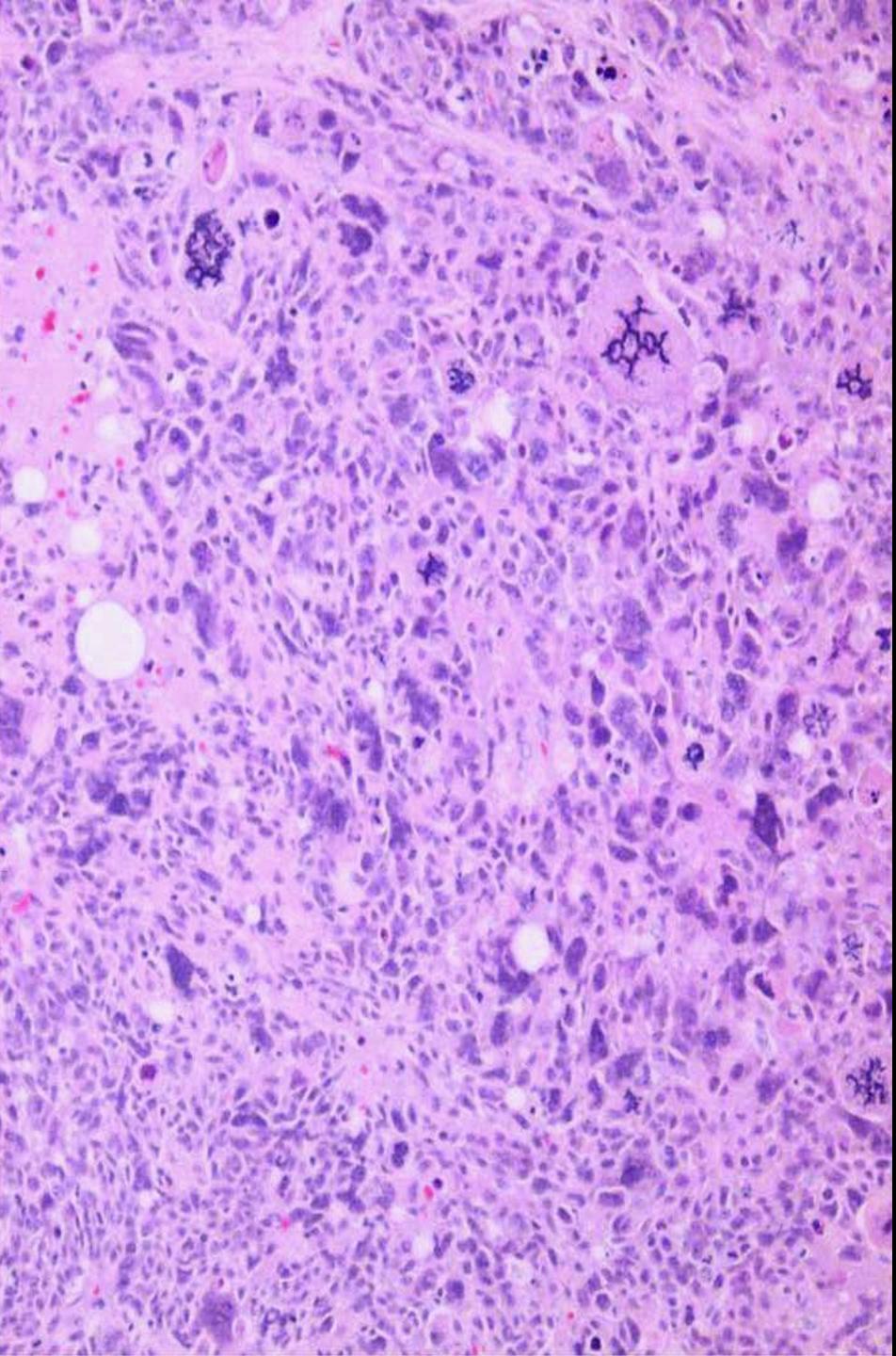


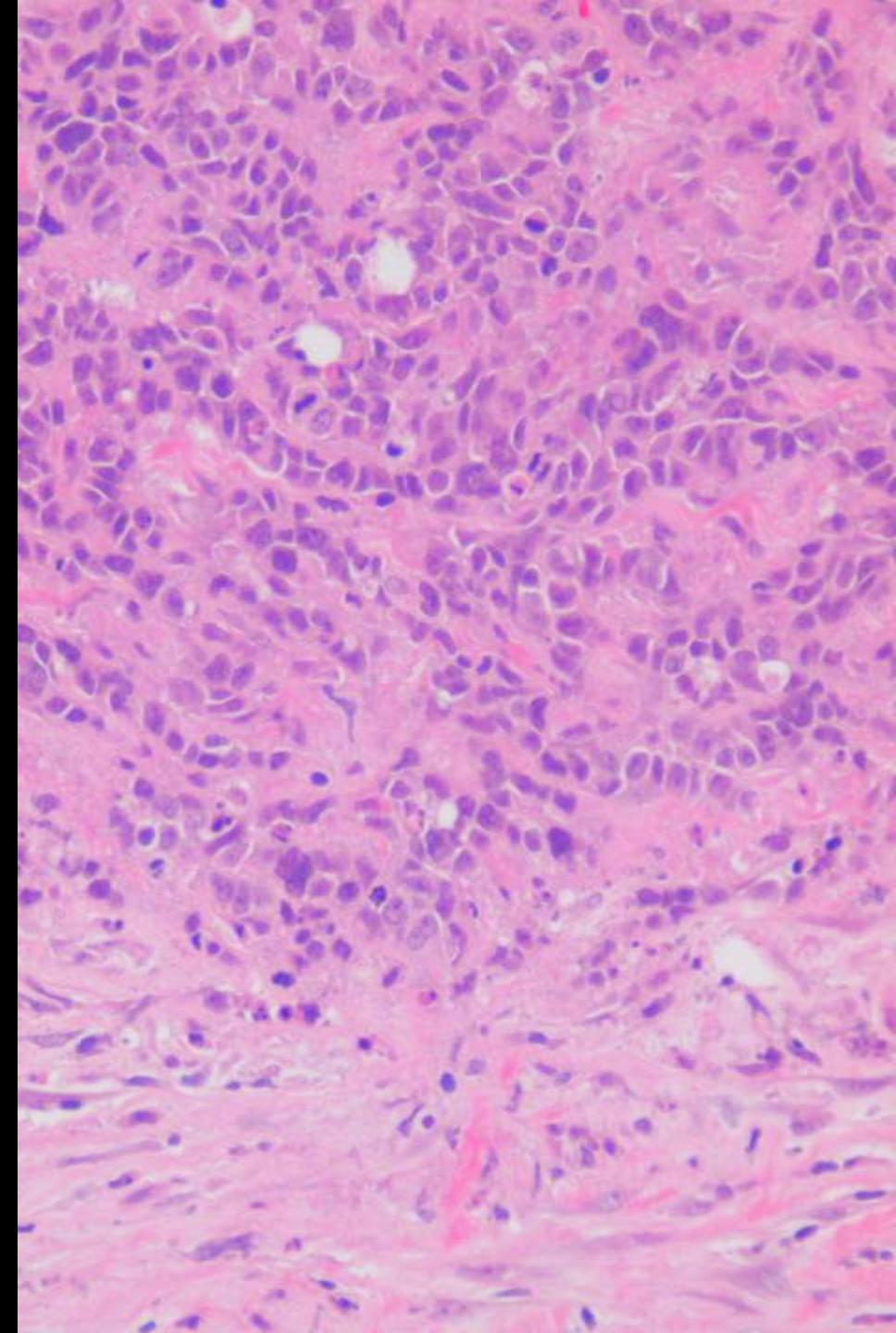
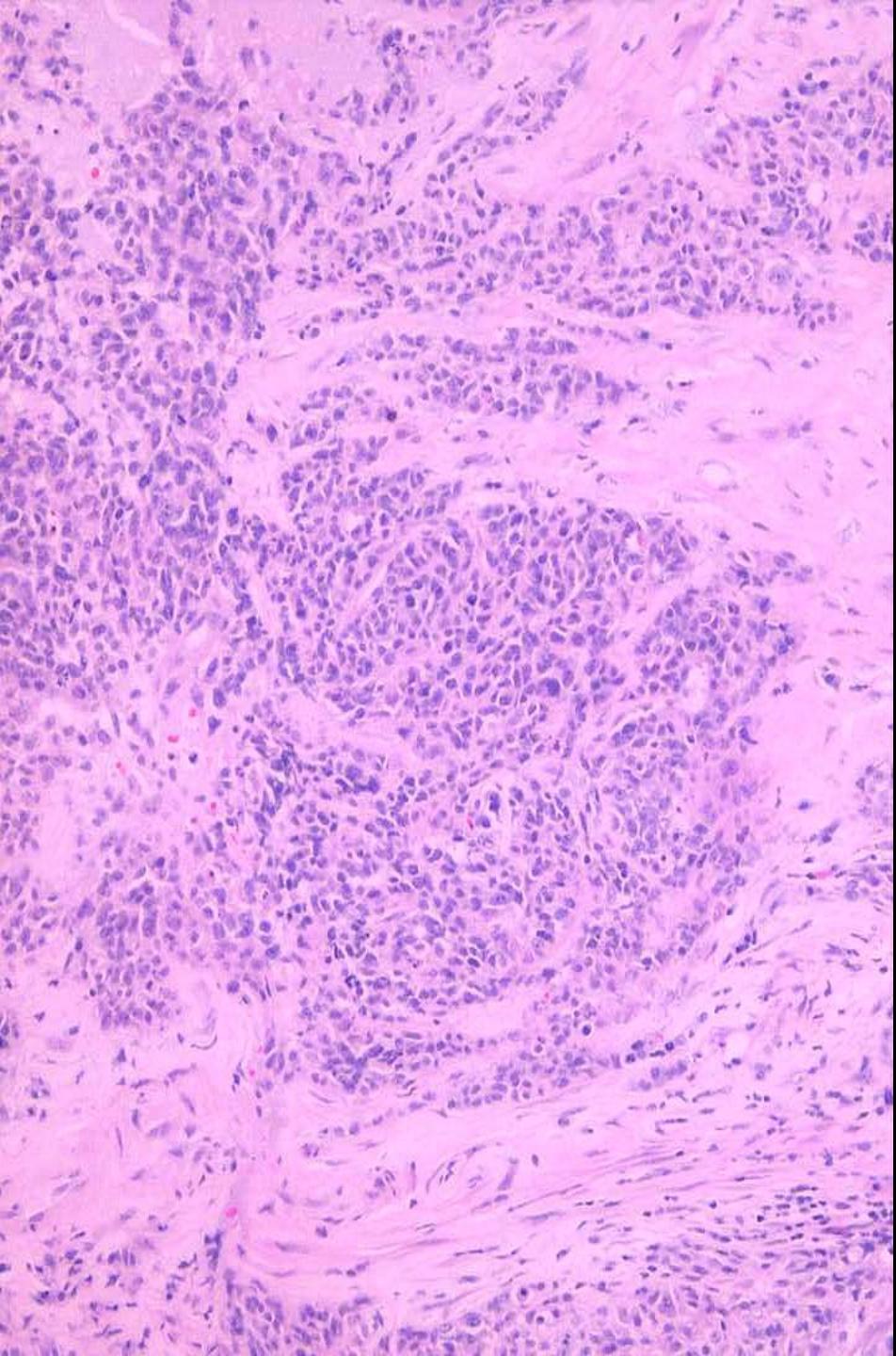
Resumen clínico

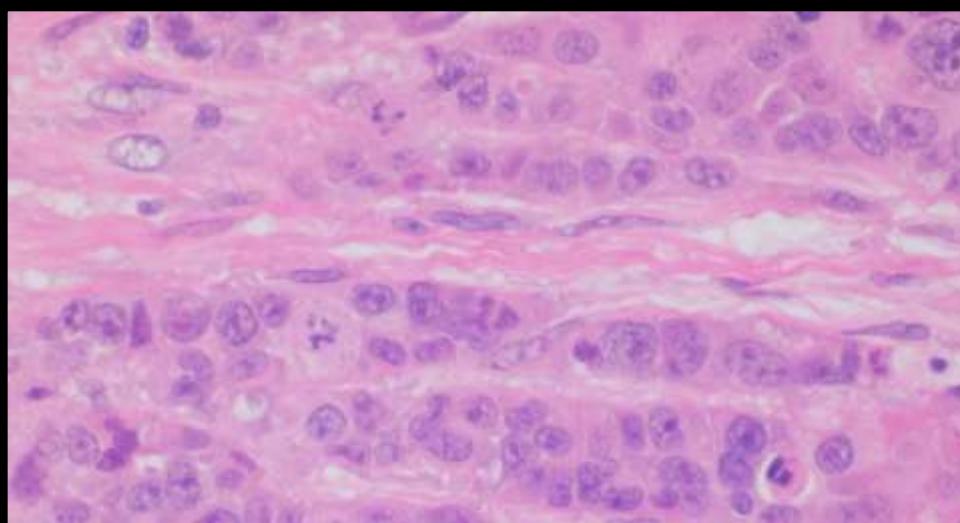
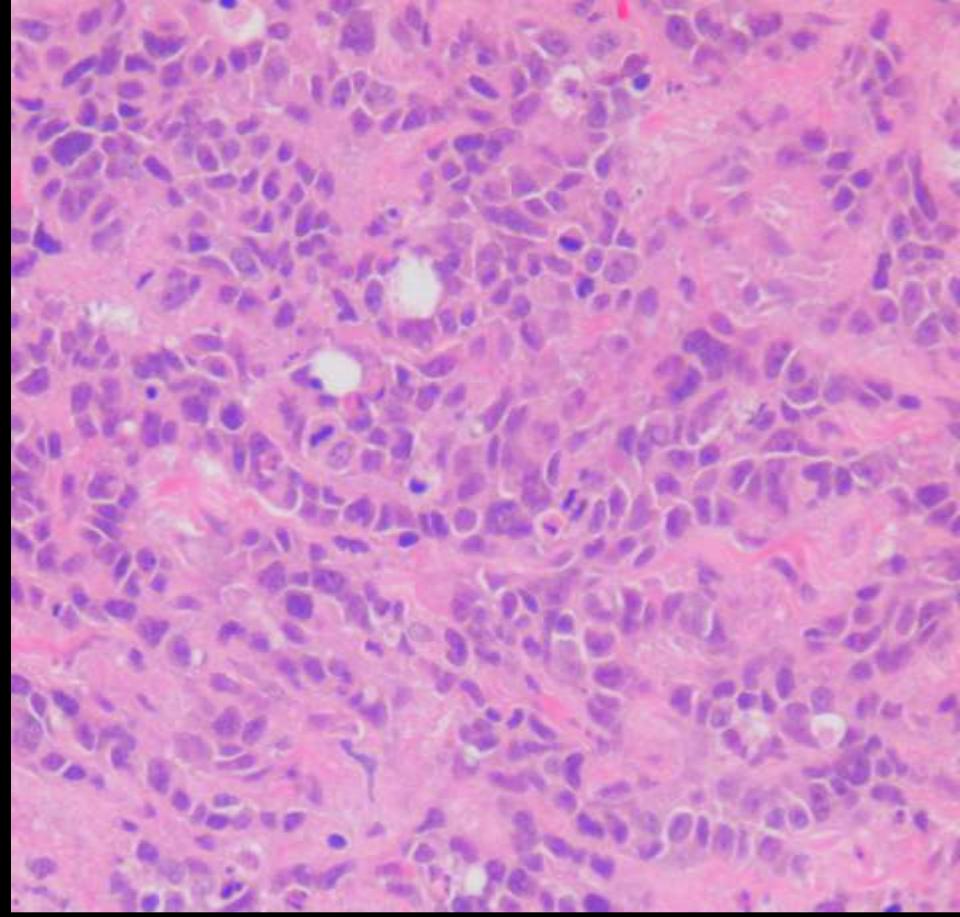
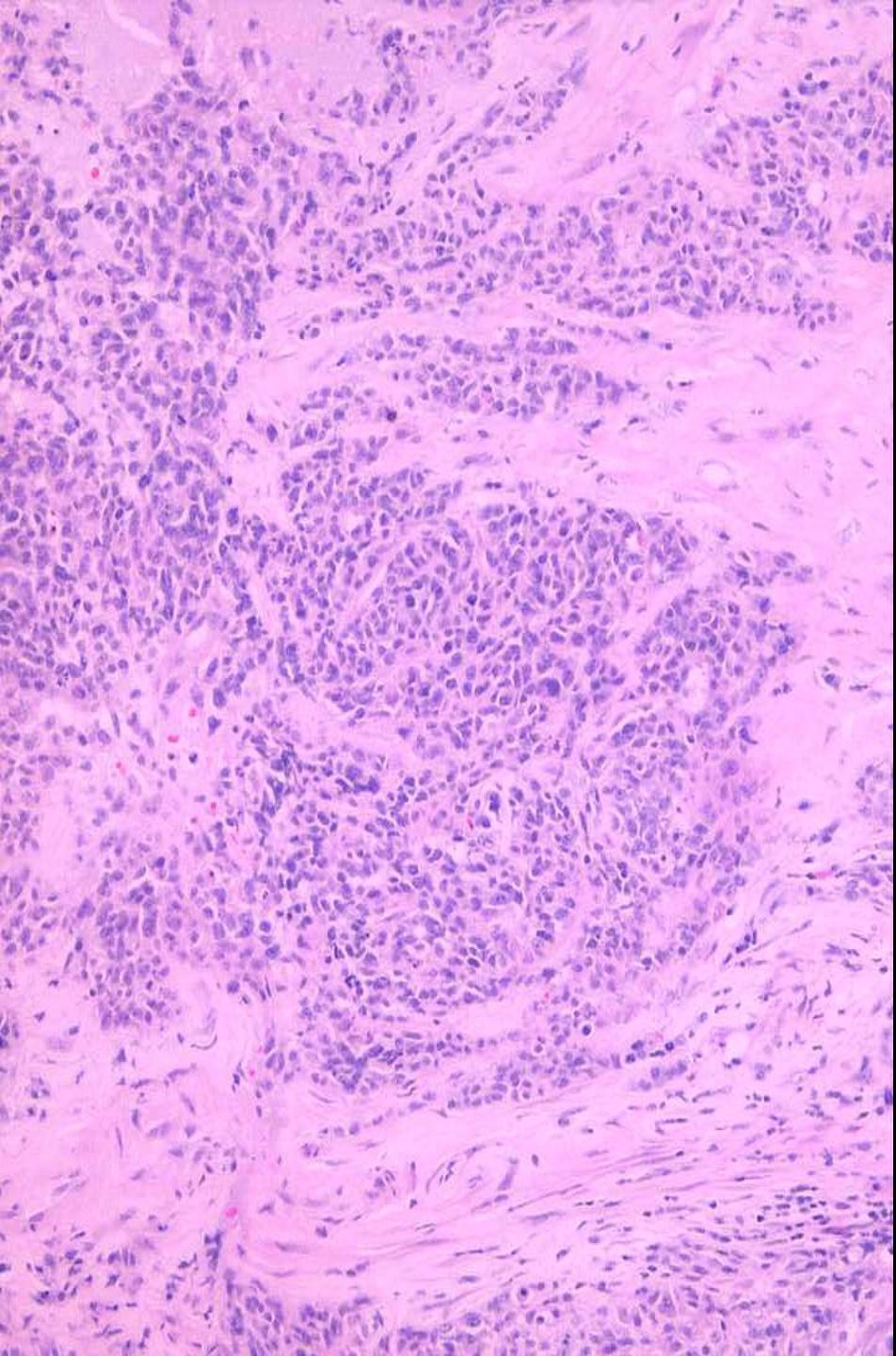
- Mujer de 47 años
- Tumor en mama izquierda de 4 cm.
- Ganglios axilares palpables
- Biopsia con trucut con diagnóstico de carcinoma ductal infiltrante
- Mastectomía tipo Patey izquierda

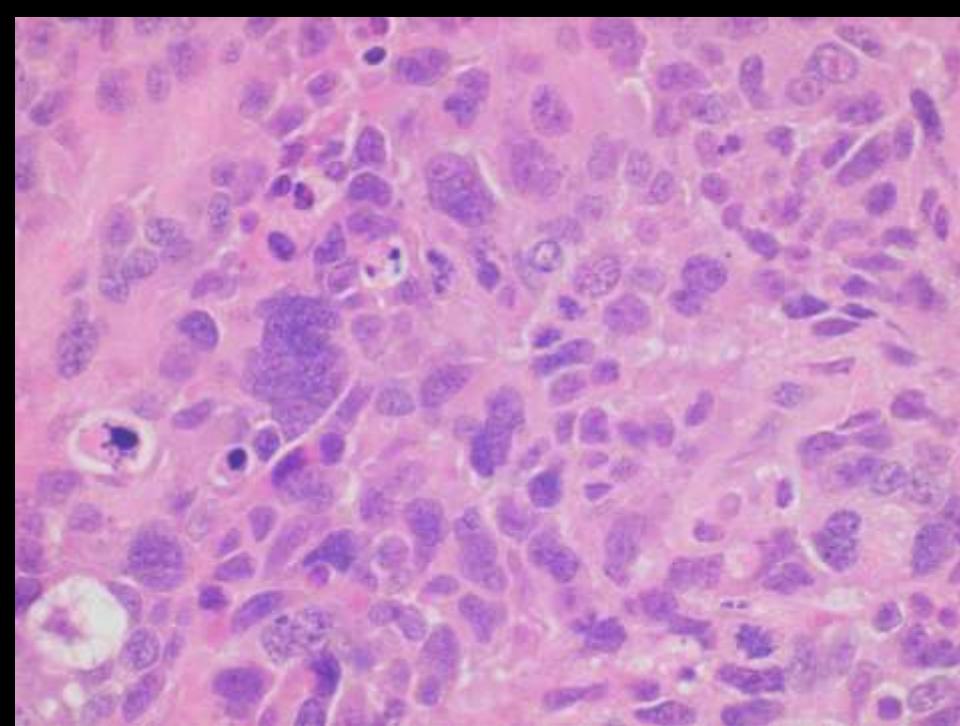
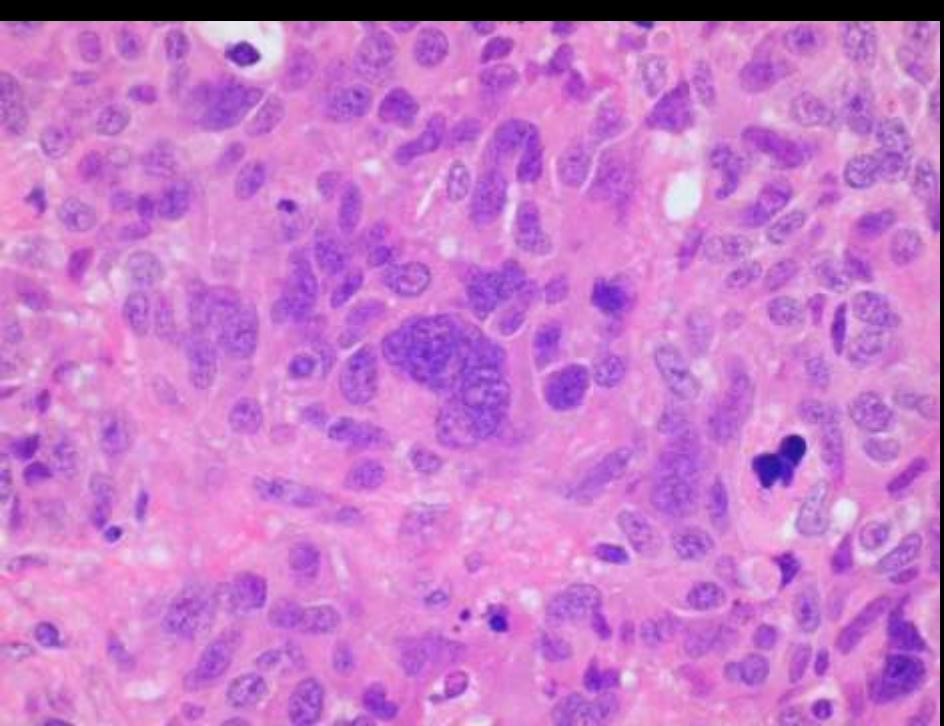
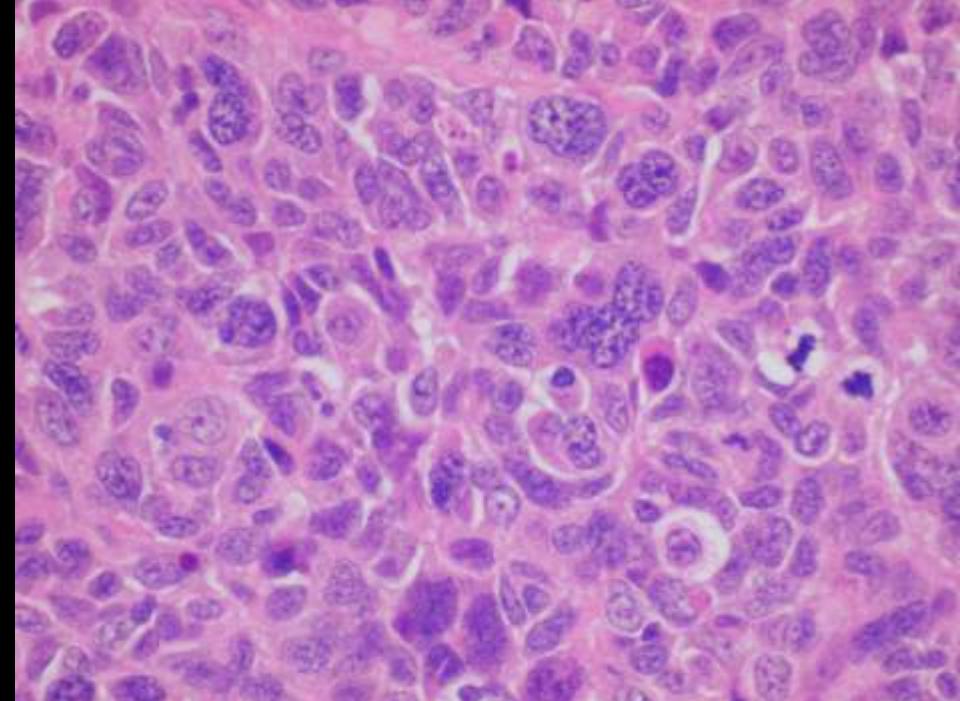
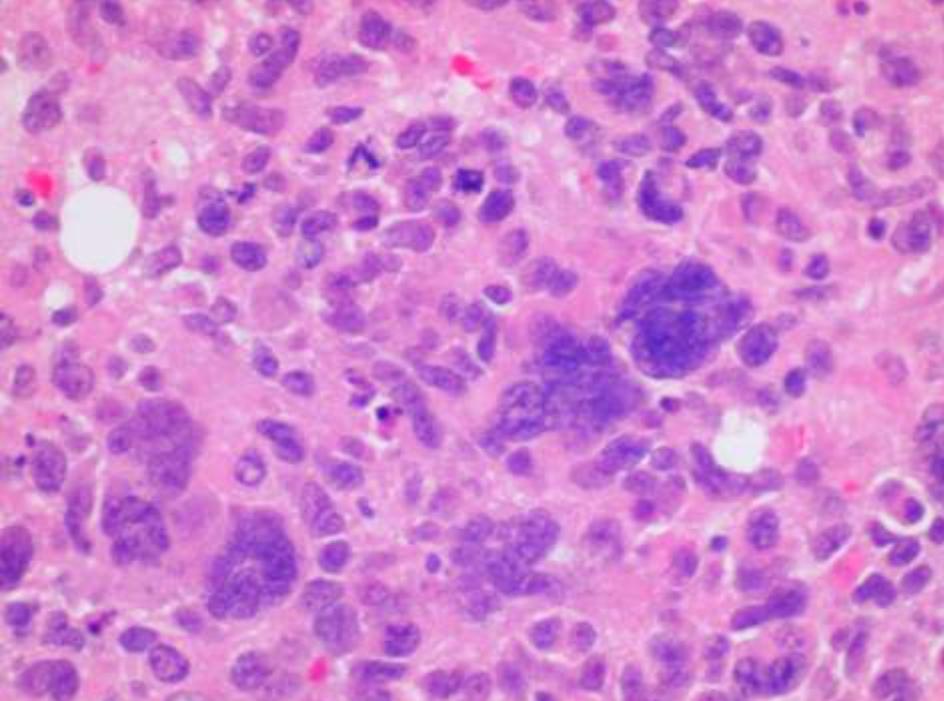


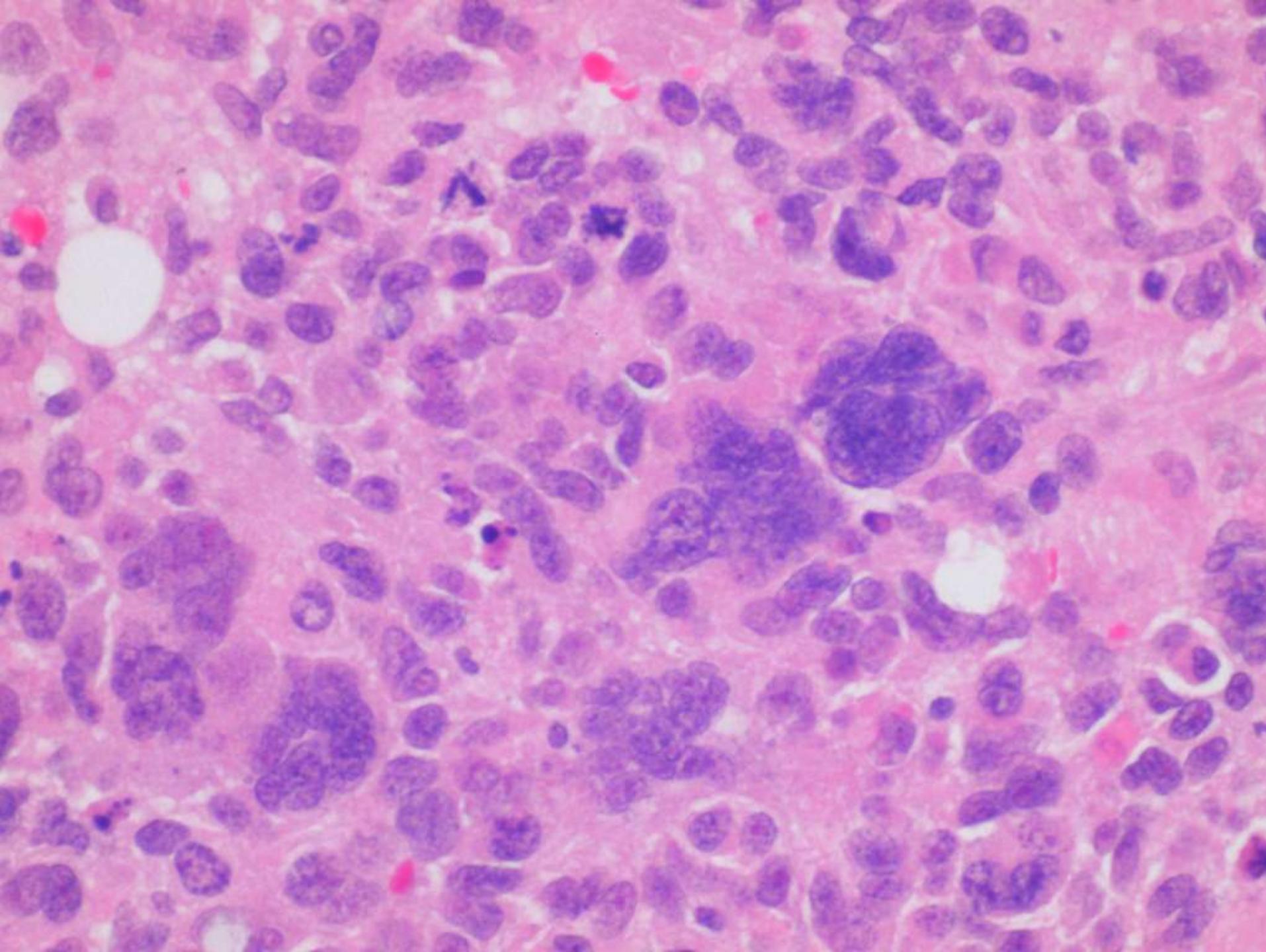












**Carcinoma ductal infiltrante
pleomorfico de alto grado**

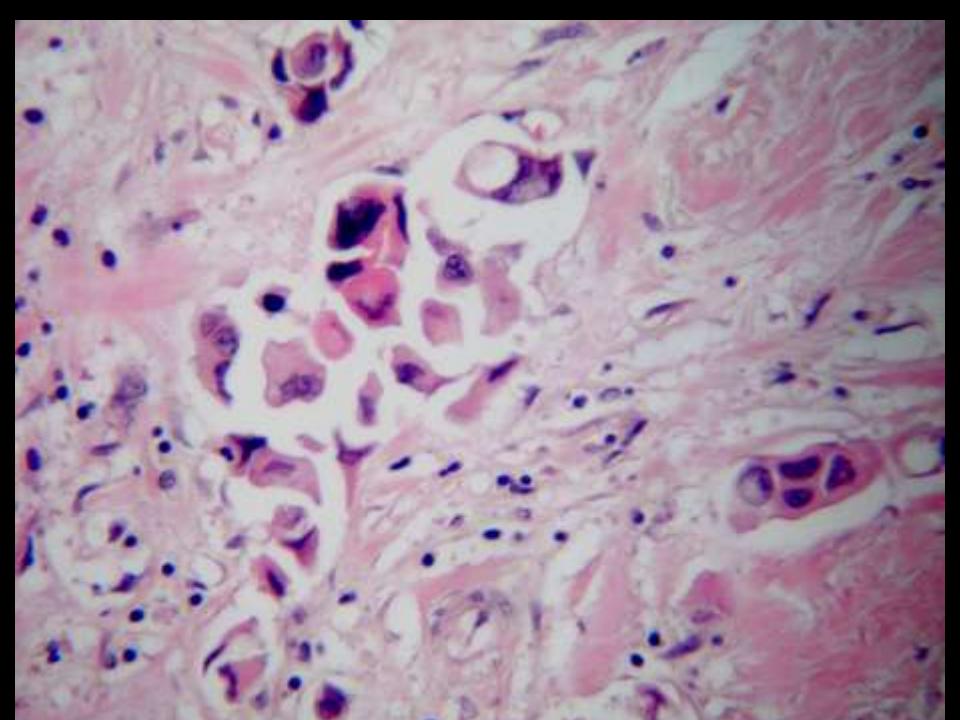
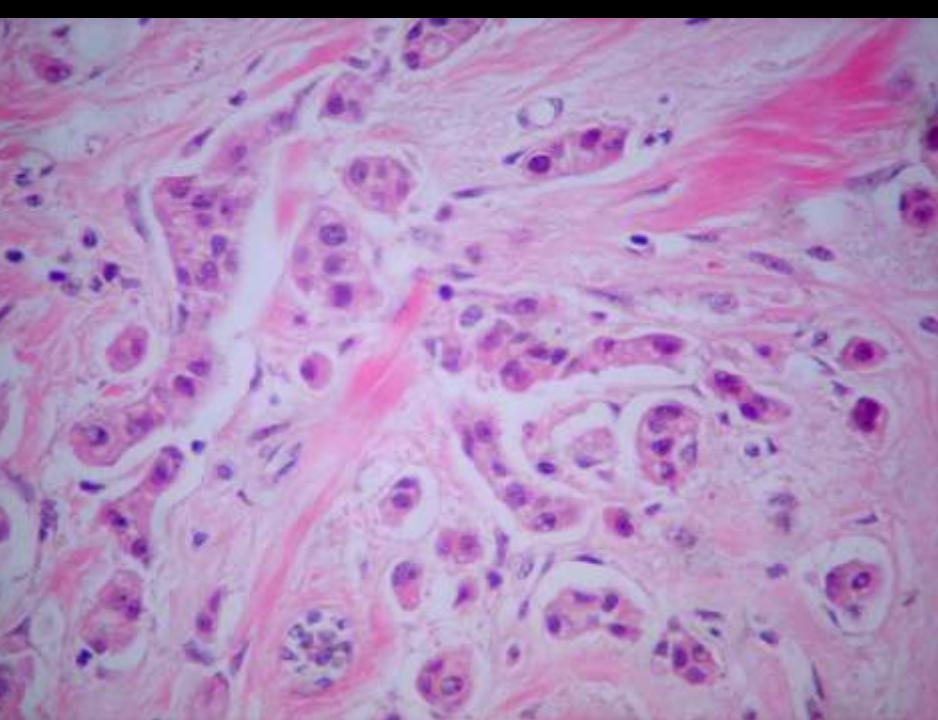
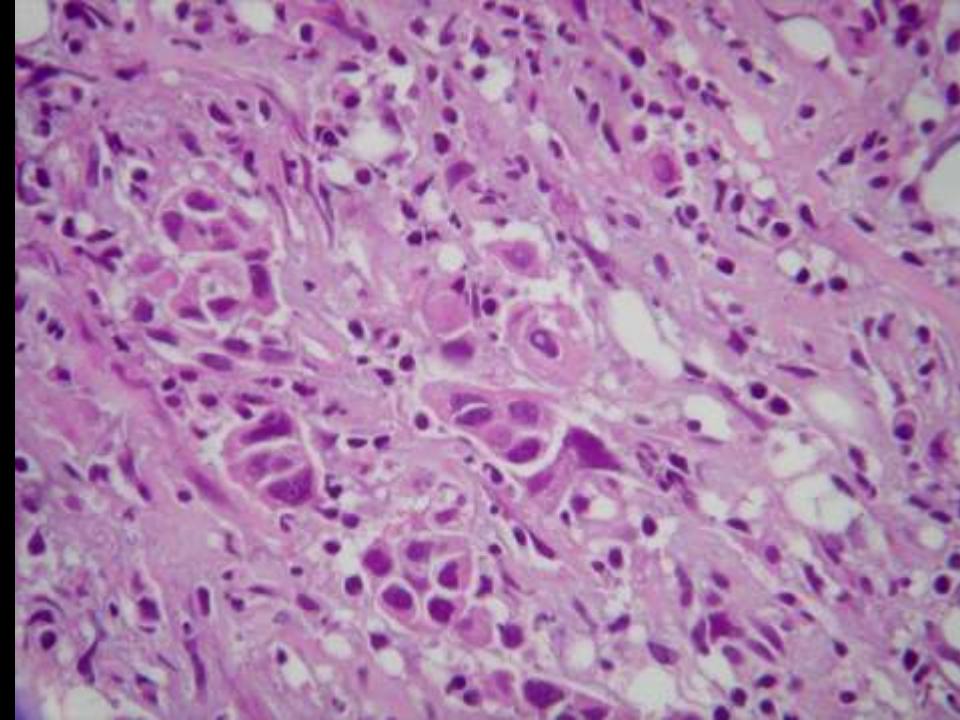
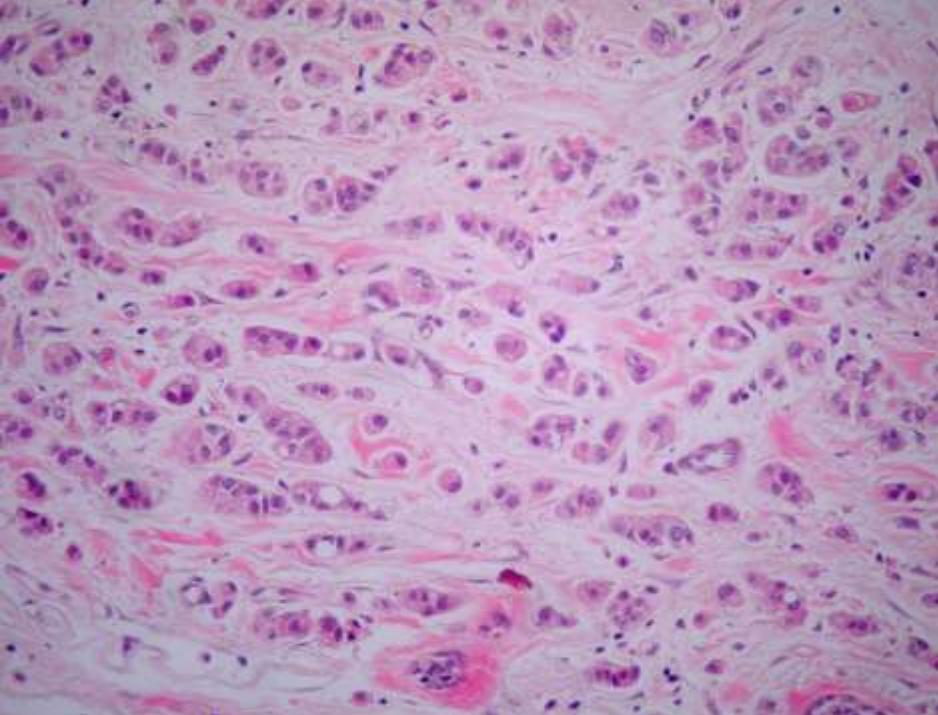
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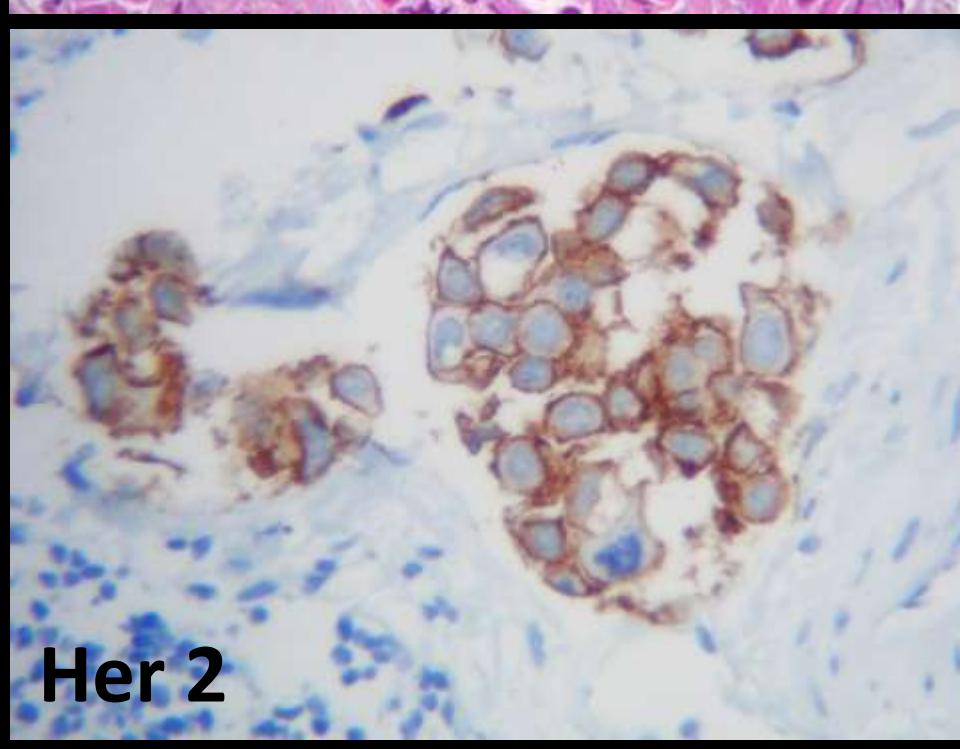
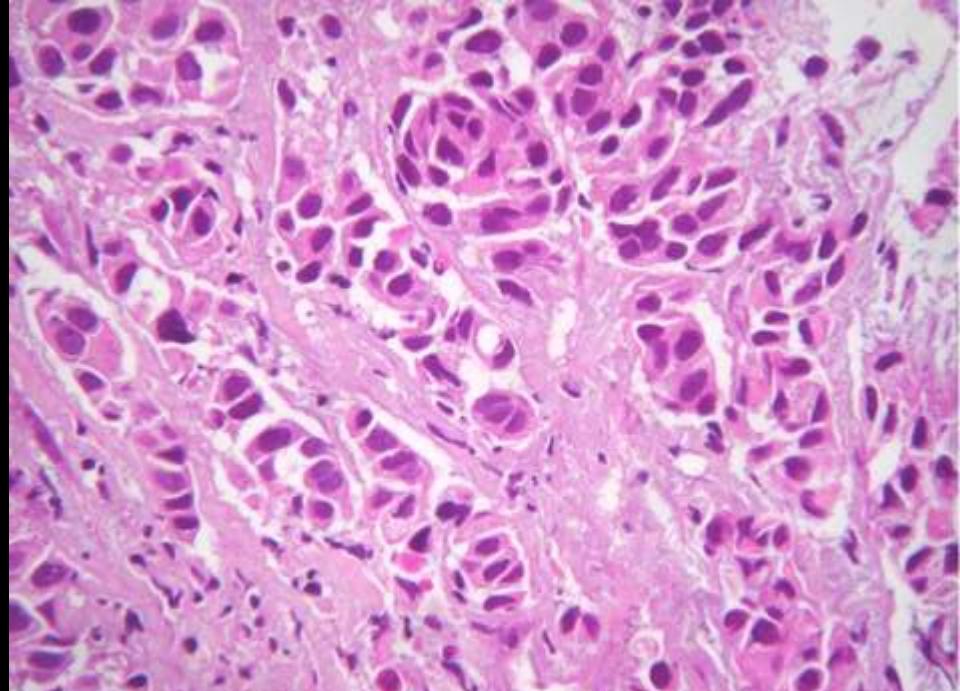
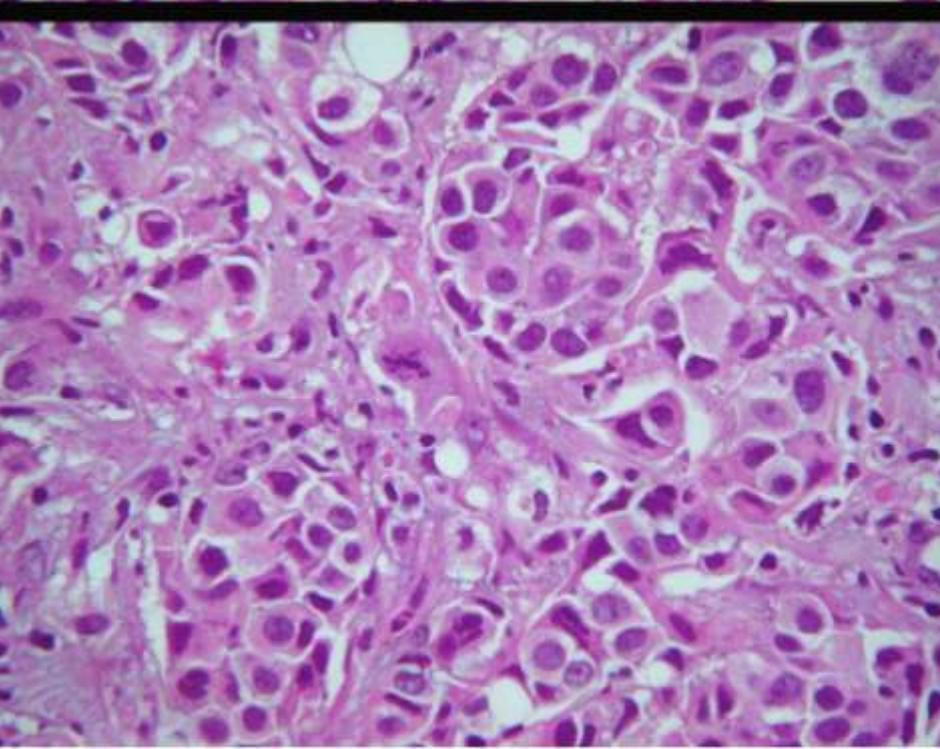
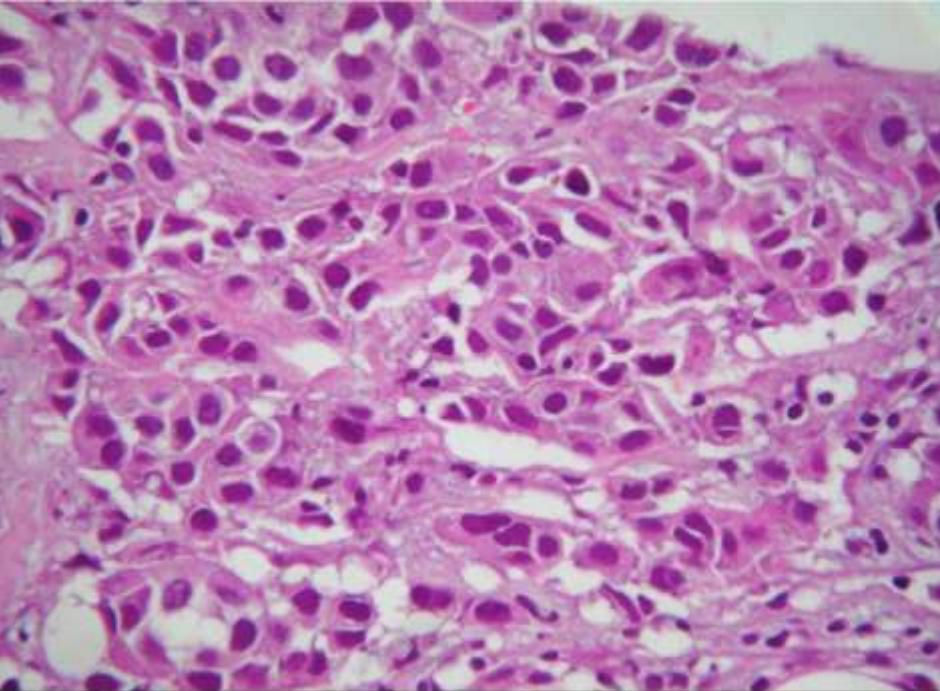
**Carcinoma lobulillar pleomórfico,
invasor (alto grado)**

Inmunofenotipo

- RE -
- RP -
- Her 2 Neg. (score:0)

Ambos componentes





Her 2

**Pleomorphic carcinoma of the breast:
clinicopathological
analysis of 26 cases of an unusual high-grade
phenotype of
ductal carcinoma.**

Silver SA, Tavassoli FA.

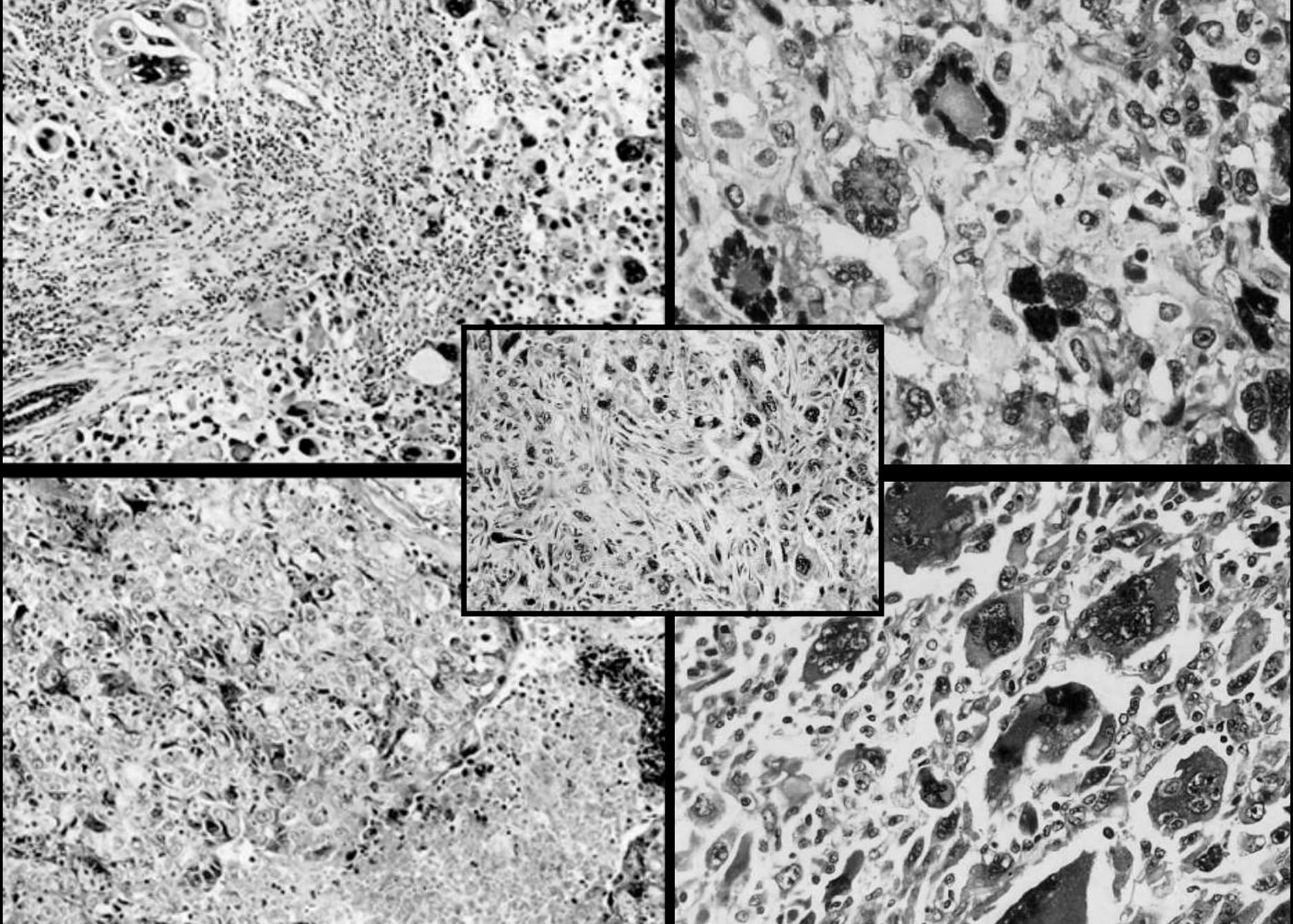
**Department of Gynecologic and Breast Pathology, Armed Forces Institute of
Pathology, Washington, DC, USA.
ssilver@mail.magee.edu**

Carcinoma ductal pleomórfico

Histología

- Patrón sólido, nidos o cordones
- Células gigantes pleomórficas
- Marcado pleomorfismo nuclear
- Multinucleación
- Hipercromasia nuclear
- Irregularidad de la cromatina
- Nucléolos múltiples y prominentes
- Alto índice mitósico >20/10 HPF
- Puede encontrarse áreas escamoides o componente fusocelular

Silver SA, Tavassoli FA Histopathology 36(6):505, 2000



Silver SA, Tavassoli FA Histopathology 36(6):505, 2000

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Pleomorphic Ductal Carcinoma of the Breast: Predictors of Decreased Overall Survival

Christopher V. Nguyen, MD, Reynaldo Falcón-Escobedo, MD,† Kelly K. Hunt, MD,‡
Khazi M. Nayeemuddin, MD, MPH,‡ Todd R. Lester, MD,* Robyn K. Harrell, MD,§
Roland L. Bassett, Jr, MS,§ and Michael Z. Gilcrease, MD, PhD**

Abstract: The World Health Organization classification of tumors of the breast includes a rare variant of invasive ductal carcinoma termed pleomorphic carcinoma. This variant has marked nuclear pleomorphism (> 6-fold variation in nuclear size by definition, but often > 10-fold) and characteristically

The World Health Organization (WHO) classification of tumors of the breast includes a rare variant of invasive ductal carcinoma termed pleomorphic carcinoma characterized by a “proliferation of pleomorphic and bizarre tumor giant cells comprising > 50% of the tumor cells in a background of adenocarcinoma or adenocarci-

